UltraRAE 3000
User's Guide

FCC Information

Contains FCC ID: PI4411B or SU3RM900

The enclosed device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Wireless Approval For UAE In Middle East

TRA REGISTERED No: ER36153/14 or ER36153/15
DEALER No.: HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL MIDDLE EAST – LTD – DUBAI BR

Wireless Approval For QATAR In Middle East

ictQATAR
Type Approval Reg. No.: R-4466 or R-4635

contém o módulo wireless: RM900

ANATEL
2781-14-6496

(01)07898911288364

Este equipamento opera em caráter secundário, isto é, não tem direito a proteção contra interferência prejudicial, mesmo de estações do mesmo tipo, e não pode causar interferência a sistemas operando em caráter primário.

Contents

Read Before Operating

This manual must be carefully read by all individuals who have or will have the responsibility of using, maintaining, or servicing this product. The product will perform as designed only if it is used, maintained, and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The user should understand how to set the correct parameters and interpret the obtained results.

CAUTION!

To reduce the risk of electric shock, turn the power off before removing the instrument cover. Disconnect the battery before removing sensor module for service. Never operate the instrument when the cover is removed. Remove instrument cover and sensor module only in an area known to be non-hazardous.

ATEX WARNING!

To reduce the risk of electrostatic ignition, do not use the instrument without the rubber boot in place.

Special Notes

When the instrument is taken out of the transport case and turned on for the first time, there may be some residual organic or inorganic vapor trapped inside the detector chamber. The initial PID sensor reading may indicate a few ppm. Enter an area known to be free of any organic vapor and turn on the instrument. After running for several minutes, the residual vapor in the detector chamber will be cleared and the reading should return to zero.

The battery of the instrument discharges slowly even if it is turned off. If the instrument has not been charged for 5 to 7 days, the battery voltage will be low. Therefore, it is a good practice to always charge the instrument before using it. It is also recommended to fully charge the instrument for *at least 10 hours* before first use. Refer to this User Guide's section on battery charging for more information on battery charging and replacement.

WARNINGS

STATIC HAZARD: Clean only with damp cloth.

For safety reasons, this equipment must be operated and serviced by qualified personnel only. Read and understand the instruction manual completely before operating or servicing. Use only RAE Systems battery packs, part numbers 059-3051-000, 059-3052-000, and 059-3054-000. This instrument has not been tested in an explosive gas/air atmosphere having an oxygen concentration greater than 21%. Substitution of components may impair intrinsic safety. Recharge batteries only in non-hazardous locations.

Do not mix old and new batteries or batteries from different manufacturers.

The calibration of all newly purchased RAE Systems instruments should be tested by exposing the sensor(s) to known concentration calibration gas before the instrument is put into service.

For maximum safety, the accuracy of the instrument should be checked by exposing it to a known concentration calibration gas before each day's use.

Do not use USB/PC communication in hazardous locations.

AVERTISSEMENT

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DANGER

RISQUE D'ORIGINE ELECTROSTATIQUE: Nettoyer uniquement avec un chiffon humide.

Pour des raisons de sécurité, cet équipement doit être utilisé, entretenu et réparé uniquement par un personnel qualifié. Étudier le manuel d'instructions en entier avant d'utiliser, d'entretenir ou de réparer l'équipement.

Utiliser seulement l'ensemble de batterie RAE Systems, référence 059-3051-000 ou 059-3052-000 ou 059-3054-000. Cet instrument n'a pas été testé dans une atmosphère de gaz/air explosive ayant une concentration d'oxygène plus élevée que 21%. La substitution de composants peut compromettre la sécurité intrinsèque. Ne charger les batteries que dans des emplacements désignés non-dangereux.

Ne pas mélanger les anciennes et les nouvelles batteries, ou bien encore les batteries de différents fabricants.

L'étalonnage de tout instrument de RAE Systems doit être testé en exposant l'instrument à une concentration de gaz connue avant de mettre en service l'instrument pour la première fois.

Pour une sécurité maximale, la sensibilité de l'instrument doit être vérifiée en exposant l'instrument à une concentration de gaz connue avant chaque utilisation journalière.

Ne pas utiliser de connexion USB/PC en zone dangereuse.

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1 Standard Contents

Instrument
Calibration Kit
Charging Cradle
AC/DC Adapter
Alkaline Battery Adapter
Data Cable
CD-ROM With User's Guide, Quick Start Guide, and related materials

2 General Information

The UltraRAE 3000 is a hand-held, programmable compound specific PID monitor designed to provide instantaneous exposure monitoring of a specific organic gas. It monitors a specific gas by utilizing a gas separation tube and the photoionization detector (PID) with a 9.8 eV gas discharge lamp. It also can be used to measure total volatile organic compound (VOC) as a broadband monitor by utilizing the PID with a 9.8 eV, 10.6 eV, or 11.7 eV lamp.

Features include:

Lightweight and Compact
- Compact, lightweight, rugged design
- Built-in sample draw pump

Dependable and Accurate
- Up to 16 hours of continuous monitoring with rechargeable battery pack
- Designed to continuously monitor VOC vapor at parts-per-million (ppm) levels

User-friendly
- Preset alarm thresholds for STEL, TWA, low- and high-level peak values.
- Audio buzzer and flashing LED display are activated when the limits are exceeded.

Datalogging Capabilities
- 260,000-point datalogging storage capacity for data download to PC

UltraRAE 3000 User's Guide

The UltraRAE 3000 consists of a PID with associated microcomputer and electronic circuit. The unit is housed in a rugged case with a backlit LCD and 3 keys to provide easy user interface. It also has a built-in flashlight for operational ease in dark locations.

3 Physical Description

The main components of the portable compound-specific and VOC monitoring instrument include:

- Three operation/programming keys for normal operation or programming

- LCD display with back light for direct readout and calculated measurements

- Built-in flashlight for illuminating testing points in dark environments

- Buzzer and red LEDs for alarm signaling whenever exposures exceed preset limits

- Charge contacts for plugging directly to its charging station

- Easy-to-use separation tube holder

- USB communication port for PC interface

- Protective rubber cover

4 Specifications

Size:	10" L x 3" W x 2.5" H (25.5 cm x 7.6 cm x 6.4 cm)
Weight:	26 oz (738 g) with battery pack
Detector:	Photoionization sensor with 9.8, 10.6, or 11.7 eV UV lamp
Battery:	A 4.2V rechargeable Lithium-Ion battery pack (snap in, field replaceable, at non-hazardous location only)
	Alkaline battery holder (for 4 AA batteries)
Battery Charging:	Less than 8 hours to full charge
Operating Hours:	Up to16 hours continuous operation
Display:	Large dot matrix screen with backlight

Measurement range & resolution

Lamp	Range	Resolution
10.6 eV	50 ppb to 10,000 ppm (VOC mode)	25 ppb
9.8 eV	50 ppb to 200 ppm, for benzene and butadiene; 50 ppb to 5,000 ppm (VOC mode)	25 ppb
11.7 eV	50 ppb to 2,000 ppm (VOC mode)	25 ppb

Response time (T_{90}):	2 seconds
Accuracy (Isobutylene):	3% at calibration point
PID Detector:	Easy access to lamp and sensor for cleaning and replacement
Correction Factors:	Over 200 VOC gases built in (based on RAE Systems Technical Note TN-106)
Calibration:	Two-point field calibration of zero and standard reference gases
Calibration Reference:	Store up to 8 sets of calibration data, alarm limits and span values
Inlet Probe:	Flexible 5" tubing (a short tube is also available) Separation tube housing with permanent VOC tube
Radio module:	Bluetooth (2.4GHz) or RF module (433MHz, 868MHz , 915MHz, or 2.4GHz)
Wireless Network:	Mesh RAE Systems Dedicated Wireless Network (or WiFi network for WiFi-equipped instruments)
Wireless Frequency:	ISM license-free band, 902 to 907.5 MHz and 915 to 928 MHz, FCC Part 15, CE R&TTE, IEEE 802.11 b/g bands (2.4 GHz)
Modulation:	802.15.4 DSSS BPSK

RF Power (Tx):	10dBm
Keypad:	1 operation key and 2 programming keys; 1 flashlight switch
Direct Readout:	Instantaneous, average, STEL, TWA and peak value, and battery voltage
Intrinsic Safety:	US and Canada: Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D
	Europe: ATEX (0575 Ex II 2G Ex ia IIC/IIB T4 Gb) KEMA 07 ATEX 0127 Complies with EN60079-0:2009, EN60079-11:2007
	IECEx CSA 10.0005 Ex ia IIC/IIB T4 Gb Complies with IEC 60079-0:2007, IEC 60079-11:2006 (IIC: 059-3051-000 Li-ion bat pack or 059-3054-000 NiMH bat pack; IIB: 059-3052-000 alkaline bat pack)
EM Interference:	Highly resistant to EMI/RFI. Compliant with EMC R&TTE (RF Modules)
Alarm Setting:	Separate alarm limit settings for Low, High, STEL and TWA alarm
Operating Mode:	Hygiene or Search mode
Alarm:	Buzzer 95dB at 12″ (30cm) and flashing red LEDs to indicate exceeded preset limits, low battery voltage, or sensor failure
Alarm Type:	Latching or automatic reset
Real-time Clock:	Automatic date and time stamps on datalogged information
Datalogging:	260,000 points with time stamp, serial number, user ID, site ID, etc.
Communication:	Upload data to PC and download instrument setup from PC via USB on charging station.
Sampling Pump:	Internally integrated. Flow rate: 450 to 550 cc/min.
Temperature:	-20º C to 50º C (-4º to 122º F)
Humidity:	0% to 95% relative humidity (non-condensing)

Housing (including rubber boot):	Polycarbonate, splashproof and dustproof Battery can be changed without removing rubber boot.

5 Replacing Alkaline Batteries

An alkaline battery adapter is supplied with each instrument. The adapter (part number 059-3052-000) accepts four AA alkaline batteries (use only Duracell MN1500) and provides approximately 12 hours of operation. (An optional rechargeable lithium-ion battery pack, part number 059-3051-000, is also available.)

To install the adapter in the instrument:

1. Remove the alkaline battery adapter from the instrument by sliding the tab and tilting out the adapter.
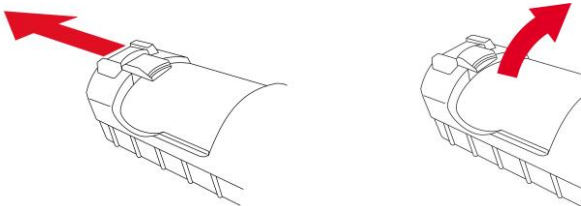
2. Replace the batteries (follow the procedure below).

3. Tilt the alkaline battery adapter and put it into the instrument.

4. Slide the tab back into place to secure the battery adapter.

To insert batteries into the adapter:

1. Remove the three hex-socket screws to open the compartment in the adapter.
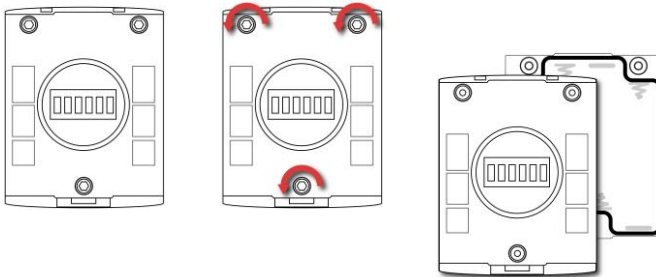
2. Insert four fresh AA batteries as indicated by the polarity (+/-) markings.
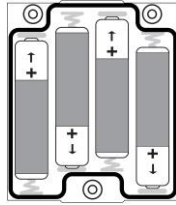
3. Replace the cover. Replace the three screws.
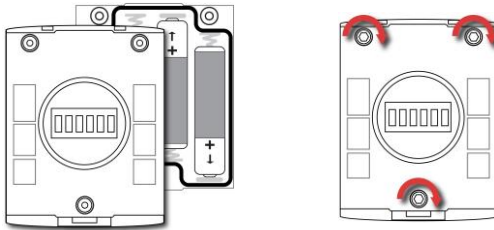
IMPORTANT!

Alkaline batteries cannot be recharged. The instrument's internal circuit detects alkaline batteries and will not allow recharging. If you place the instrument in its Travel Charger or Charger Stand, the alkaline battery will not be recharged. The internal charging circuit is designed to prevent damage to alkaline batteries and the charging circuit when alkaline batteries are installed inside the instrument. If you try to charge an alkaline batteries installed in the instrument, the Charging Cradle or Travel Charger's charging LED does not glow, indicating that it will not charge the alkaline batteries.

Note: When replacing alkaline batteries, dispose of old ones properly.

6 Charging A Lithium-Ion Battery

Always fully charge the battery before using the instrument. The instrument's Li-ion battery is charged by attaching the instrument to the Travel Charger (or by placing the instrument in the optional Charger Stand). Contacts on the bottom of the instrument meet the Travel Charger's (or Charger Stand's) contacts, transferring power without other connections.
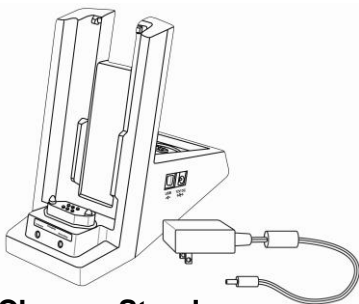
Travel Charger

Charger Stand
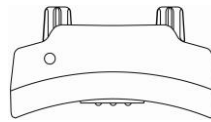
Note: Before connecting the charger to the instrument, visually inspect the contacts to make sure they are clean. If they are not, wipe them with a soft cloth. Do not use solvents or cleaners.

Follow this procedure to charge the instrument:

1. Plug the AC/DC adapter's barrel connector into the instrument's Charger Stand or Travel Charger.

   DC 12V IN
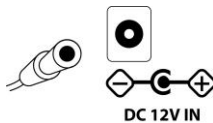
2. Plug the AC/DC adapter into the wall outlet.
3. Connect the AC/DC adapter to the Travel Charger (or Charger Stand).
4. Place the instrument into the Travel Charger or Charger Stand. The LED in the Travel Charger (or Charger Stand) should glow.

The instrument begins charging automatically. (If the optional Charger Stand is used, the "Primary" LED blinks green to indicate charging.) During charging, the diagonal lines in the battery icon on the instrument's display are animated and you see the message "Charging..."

Note: If the Li-ion battery has been discharged below a certain threshold, the "Charging..." message does not display immediately. The charging LED blinks to indicate that it is charging, and after it has been charging for a while, the "Charging..." message appears.

When the instrument's battery is fully charged, the battery icon is no longer animated and shows a full battery. The message "Fully charged!" is shown. (If the Charger Stand or Travel Charger is used, its LED glows continuously green.)

Note: If you see the "Battery Charging Error" icon (a battery outline with an exclamation mark inside), check that the instrument or rechargeable battery has been properly set into the Travel Charger (or Charger Stand). If you still receive the message, check the Troubleshooting section of this guide.

Note: If the instrument or battery has been charging for more than 10 hours and you see the "Battery Charging Error" icon and a message that says, "Charging Too Long," this indicates that the battery is not reaching a full charge. Try changing the battery and make sure the contacts on the instrument are meeting the Travel Charger's (or Charger Stand's) contacts. If the message is still shown, consult your distributor or RAE Systems Technical Services.

6.1 Charging A Spare Rechargeable Battery (Optional Charger Stand Only)

A rechargeable Li-ion battery can be charged when it is not inside the monitor. The Charger Stand is designed to accommodate both types of charging. Contacts on the bottom of the battery meet the contacts on the Charger Stand, transferring power without other connections, and a spring-loaded capture holds the battery in place during charging.

1. Plug the AC/DC adapter into the Charger Stand.
2. Place the battery into the Charger Stand, with the gold-plated contacts on top of the six matching charging pins.
3. Plug the AC/DC adapter into the wall outlet.

The battery begins charging automatically. During charging, the Secondary LED in the Charger Stand blinks green. When charging is complete, it glows steady green.

Release the battery from the Charger Stand by pulling it back toward the rear of the Charger Stand and tilting it out of its slot.

Note: If you need to replace the Li-ion battery pack, replacements are available from RAE Systems. The part number is 059-3051-000.

WARNING!

To reduce the risk of ignition of hazardous atmospheres, recharge and replace batteries only in areas known to be non-hazardous.

6.2 Low Voltage Warning

When the battery's charge falls below a preset voltage, the instrument warns you by beeping once and flashing once every minute, and the "empty battery" icon blinks on and off once per second. You should turn off the instrument within 10 minutes and either recharge the battery by placing the instrument in its cradle, or replace the battery with a fresh one with a full charge.

6.3   Clock Battery

An internal clock battery is mounted on one of the instrument's printed circuit boards. This long-life battery keeps settings in memory from being lost whenever the Li-ion battery or alkaline batteries are removed. This backup battery should last approximately five years, and must be replaced by an authorized RAE Systems service technician. It is not user-replaceable.

6.4   Data Protection While Power Is Off

When the instrument is turned off, all the current real-time data including last measured values are erased. However, the datalog data is preserved in non-volatile memory. Even if the battery is disconnected, the datalog data will not be lost.

7 User Interface

The instrument's user interface consists of the display, LEDs, an alarm transducer, and four keys. The keys are:

    Y/+
    MODE
    N/-
    Flashlight on/off

The LCD display provides visual feedback that includes the reading, time, battery condition, and other functions.
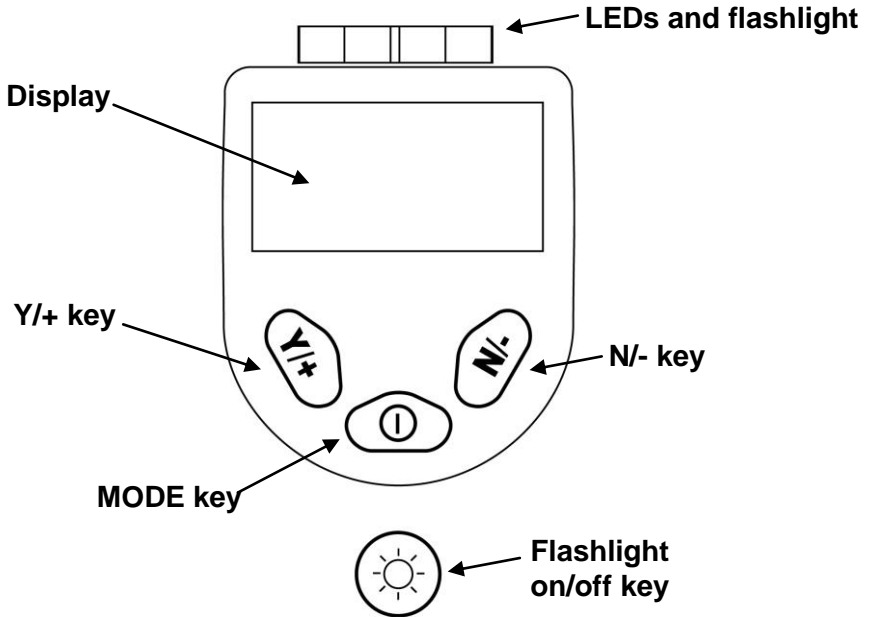
In addition to their labeled functions, the keys labeled Y/+, MODE, and N/- act as "soft keys" that control different parameters and make different selections within the instrument's menus. From menu to menu, each key controls a different parameter or makes a different selection.

Three panes along the bottom of the display are "mapped" to the keys. These change as menus change, but at all times the left pane corresponds to the [Y/+] key, the center pane corresponds to the [MODE] key, and the right pane corresponds to the [N/-] key. Here are three examples of different menus with the relationships of the keys clearly shown:

RELATIONSHIP OF BUTTONS TO CONTROL FUNCTIONS
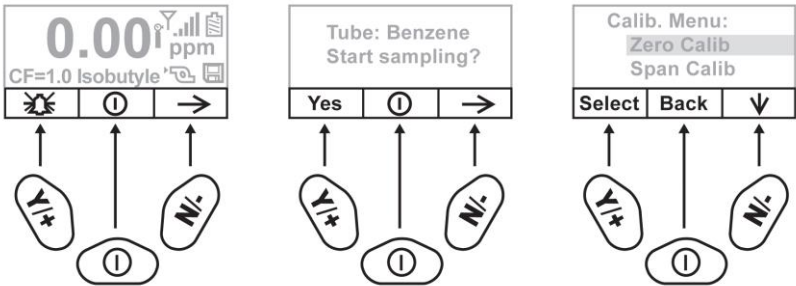
7.1 Display

The display shows the following information:
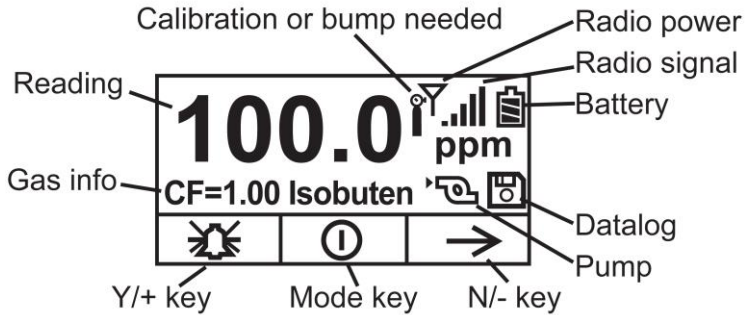
Gas info	Tells the Correction Factor and type of calibration gas
Reading	Concentration of gas as measured by the instrument
Calibration needed	Indicates that calibration should be performed
Calibration or bump needed	Dark icon indicates that calibration should be performed; light icon indicates bump should be performed
Radio power	Indicates whether radio (Mesh wireless or Bluetooth) connection is on or off
Radio signal	Indicates signal strength in 5-bar bargraph
Battery	Indicates battery level in 3 bars
Pump	Indicates that pump is working
Datalog	Indicates whether datalog is on or off
Y/+	Y/+ key's function for this screen
MODE	MODE key's function for this screen
N/-	N/- key's function for this screen

8 Operating The Instrument

The instrument is designed as a broadband VOC gas monitor and datalogger for work in hazardous environments. It gives real-time measurements and activates alarm signals whenever the exposure exceeds preset limits. Prior to factory shipment, the instrument is preset with default alarm limits and the sensor is pre-calibrated with standard calibration gas. However, you should test the instrument and verify the calibration before the first use. After the instrument is fully charged and calibrated, it is ready for immediate operation.

8.1 Turning The Instrument On (Simple)

1. With the instrument turned off, press and hold [MODE].
2. When the display turns on, release the [MODE] key.

The RAE Systems logo should appear first. (If the logo does not appear, there is likely a problem and you should contact your distributor or RAE Systems Technical Support.) The instrument is now operating and performs self tests. If any tests (including sensor and memory tests) fail, refer to the Troubleshooting section of this guide.

Once the startup procedure is complete, the instrument shows a numerical reading screen with icons. This indicates that the instrument is fully functional and ready to use.

8.2 Turning The Instrument On (Power On Zero)

If your UltraRAE 3000 has been configured to perform a zero (fresh air) calibration upon startup, called Power On Zero, then the startup routine is interrupted so that you can perform a fresh air calibration. (See page 92 for details on turning this feature on or off.)
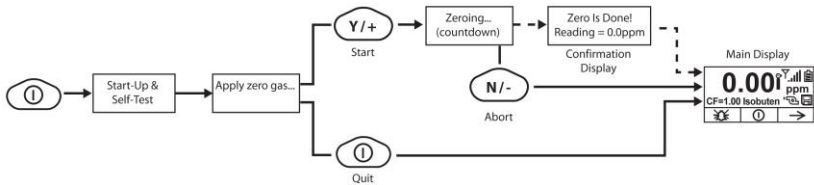
If you do not want to perform a zero calibration, press [MODE] to bypass it. If you start a zero calibration and want to abort it, press [N/-], and the calibration stops and the main display is shown.

8.3 Turning The Instrument Off

1. Press and hold the Mode key for 3 seconds. A 5-second countdown to shutoff begins.
2. When you see "Unit off..." release your finger from the [MODE] key. The instrument is now off.

Note: You must hold your finger on the key for the entire shutoff process. If you remove your finger from the key during the countdown, the shutoff operation is canceled and the instrument continues normal operation.

8.4 Operating The Built-In Flashlight

The instrument has a built-in flashlight that helps you point the probe in dark places. Press the flashlight key to turn it on. Press it again to turn it off.

Note: Using the flashlight for extended periods shortens the battery's operating time before it needs recharging.

8.5   Pump Status
IMPORTANT!

During operation, make sure the probe inlet and the gas outlet are free of obstructions. Obstructions can cause premature wear on the pump, false readings, or pump stalling. During normal operation, the pump icon alternately shows inflow and outflow as shown here:

During duty cycling (PID lamp cleaning), the display shows these icons in alternation:

If there is a pump failure or obstruction that disrupts the pump, the alarm sounds and you see this icon blinking on and off:

If you see this blinking icon, consult the Troubleshooting section of this guide.

8.6   Calibration Status

The instrument displays this icon if it requires calibration:

Calibration is required (and indicated by this icon) if:

- The lamp type has been changed (for example, from 10.6 eV to 9.8 eV).
- The sensor module has been replaced.
- It has been 30 days or more since the instrument was last calibrated.
- If you have changed the calibration gas type without recalibrating the instrument.

8.7   Bump Status

The instrument displays this icon if it requires a bump test:

A bump test is required (and indicated by this icon) if:

- The defined period of time between bump tests has been exceeded (bump test overdue).
- The sensor has failed a previous bump test.
- The sensor(s) should be challenged on a periodic basis.

9 Policy Enforcement

The UltraRAE 3000 can be configured to enforce a facility/company's requirements that calibration and/or bump testing be performed at specified intervals, and to explicitly prompt the user that calibration/bump testing is required. Depending on how Policy Enforcement features are configured, the user may be required to perform a bump test or calibration prior to being able to use the instrument. That is, it can be set to not allow normal operation of the instrument unless calibration or bump testing is performed.

If the instrument has been bump tested and calibrated in compliance with the policy settings, a check-mark icon is included along the top of the UltraRAE 3000 screen:

√

If Policy Enforcement is enabled, then after startup the UltraRAE 3000 displays a screen that informs the user that the instrument requires either a bump test or a calibration. If both are required, then they are shown in sequence.

Note: Policy enforcement features are disabled by default.

9.1 Setting Policy Enforcement

You must use ProRAE Studio II to make changes to Policy Enforcement settings. You must use an AutoRAE 2 Cradle, a UltraRAE 3000 Travel Charger, or a UltraRAE 3000 Desktop Cradle. Policy violations are captured in the datalog.

9.1.1 Using The Travel Charger, Desktop Charger, or AutoRAE 2 Automatic Test And Calibration System

To program a UltraRAE 3000 via an AutoRAE 2, you need ProRAE Studio II Instrument Configuration and Data Management Software, the AutoRAE 2 connected to a power source, and a USB PC communications cable.

1. Connect a USB cable between a PC with ProRAE Studio II and the AutoRAE 2 Cradle, Travel Charger, or Desktop Cradle.
2. Apply power to the AutoRAE 2 Cradle, Travel Charger, or Desktop Cradle.
3. Turn off the UltraRAE 3000 (or put the UltraRAE 3000 into AutoRAE 2 Mode or Communication Mode) and set it in the cradle.
4. Start ProRAE Studio II software on the PC.
5. Select "Administrator" and input the password (the default is "rae").
6. Click "Detect the instruments automatically" (the magnifying glass icon with the letter "A" in it). After a few seconds, the AutoRAE 2 Cradle is found and it is shown, along with its serial number.
7. Click on the icon to highlight it, and then click "Select."
8. In ProRAE Studio II, the instrument or AutoRAE 2 Cradle is shown, including its Serial Number, under "Online."
9. Expand the view to show the instrument or to show the instrument in the AutoRAE 2 Cradle by clicking the "+" to the left of the image of the AutoRAE 2 Cradle.
10. Double-click on the icon representing the UltraRAE 3000.
11. Click "Setup."
12. In the menu that now appears on the left side, click "Policy Enforcement." It is highlighted, and the Policy Enforcement pane is shown. For "Must Calibrate" and "Must Bump," you have the options of no enforcement or enforcement (including "Can't Bypass," and "Can Bypass").

Must Calibrate. The user is prompted to calibrate the instrument when calibration is due (as set by the calibration interval). There are two programmable options:

- **Can't Bypass.** Unless calibration is performed, the instrument cannot be used, and the only option is to turn off the instrument.
- **Can Bypass.** If calibration is due but the user does not want to perform a calibration, the instrument can still be used. In this case, the instrument records that the user has bypassed the calibration requirement in a Policy Violation report.

Must Bump. The user is prompted to bump test the instrument when a bump test is due (as set by the bump test interval). There are two programmable options:

- **Can't Bypass.** Unless a bump test is performed, the instrument cannot be used, and the only option is to turn off the instrument.
- **Can Bypass.** If a bump test is due but the user does not want to perform one, the instrument can still be used. In this case, the instrument records that the user has bypassed the bump testing requirement in a Policy Violation report.

These are the screens that are shown on a UltraRAE 3000 after startup if "Can Bypass" is selected:

Instrument Must Be Calibrated Before Use	Instrument Must Be Bump Tested Before Use
Calibrate Now?	Bump Test Now?
Yes ○ No	Yes ○ No
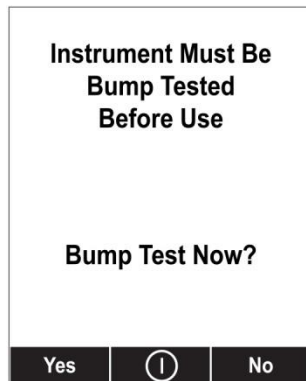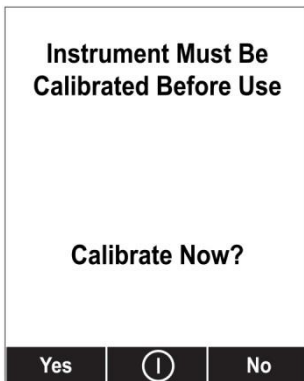
If "Can't Bypass" is selected, the display looks like this, and only allows the options of performing the test or shutting down:

Instrument Must Be Calibrated Before Use	Instrument Must Be Bump Tested Before Use
Calibrate Now?	Bump Test Now?
Yes ⏻	Yes ⏻
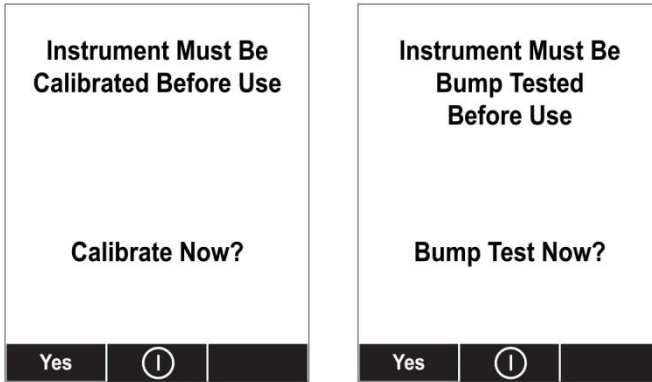
16. Once you have made your selections in ProRAE Studio II, you must upload the changes to the instrument. Click the icon labeled "Upload all settings to the instrument."

17. A confirmation screen is shown. Click "Yes" to perform the upload, or "No" to abort.
    Uploading takes a few seconds, and a progress bar is shown. You can abort the upload by clicking "Cancel."

18. Exit ProRAE Studio II.

19. Press [Y/+] on the UltraRAE 3000 to exit Communication Mode.

10   Operating Modes

The UltraRAE is actually two monitors in one:

- Compound-specific monitor
- VOC monitor

As a compound-specific monitor, it takes timed measurements and uses a separation tube in conjunction with software that enables the UltraRAE 3000 to give specific readings on one particular type of compound, such as benzene or butadiene.

As a VOC monitor, the UltraRAE 3000 operates in different modes. In some cases, you can change modes using a password and using the instrument's navigation. In other cases, you must use ProRAE Studio software.

The following two sections cover operation in the two modes.

The diagram on the next page shows the basic flow of the UltraRAE 3000's functions. The area with the gray field is the compound-specific (tube) mode, while the rest shows VOC mode. Navigate through the steps by using the [Y/+] and [N/-] keys as shown in the diagram.

Note: If you use a password to access Programming Mode (see page 66), then the navigation changes slightly, entering part of Advanced Hygiene Mode's settings, as shown on page 29.

Compound-Specific (Tube)

Main Display (Shows CF)

Tube: Benzene Start Sampling?

Wait... (Countdown) — Abort

(Reading) Continue?

Main Display (Shows Tube Type)

TWA & STEL & Peak Clear?

Remove Tube & Return To VOC Mode!

Display Resetting TWA, STEL And Peak!

Clear Peak Value! Are You Sure?

Display Peak Cleared!

TWA & STEL & Peak Clear?

Clear Peak Value! Are You Sure?

Display Peak Cleared!

Date & Time & Temperature

Wireless Settings

(Mesh Radio)
Wireless: 868EU Unit ID: 3EE8 PAN ID: 980 Channel: 0
Wireless: 868EU Parent ID: 0000 Device Type: Standard
Ping RSSt: 60% Sent: 0 Received: 8
Wireless: 868EU Tx Power: Medium Radio Type: RM900

OR

(Bluetooth)
Wireless: Bluetooth Host: 6 Unit: 1 Status: 1
Press [Y/+] to step through wireless settings
Press [MODE] to ping network

Cal Reference Cal Gas Change Ref?

Refer to Advanced Hygiene Section of User's Guide

M. Gas CF=1.00 Change?

Cal gas & Meas. gas & CF & Lamp eV

Enter PC Comm and stop measurement?

Display PC comm. ready...

Enter AutoRAE 2 and stop measurement?

Ready to comm. with AutoRAE 2

AutoRAE 2 Reports — Scroll / Select

Return to normal measurement mode?

Automatically reverts to main display if no buttons are pushed in 60 seconds

After communications are complete, reverts to main display

Note: Dashed line indicates automatic progression.

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The default setting for your instrument is:

> **User Mode:** Basic
> **Operation Mode:** Hygiene

This is outlined in detail on page 96.

The other options, covered later in this guide, are:

> **User Mode:** Advanced (page 99)
> **Operation Mode:** Hygiene

> **User Mode:** Advanced (page 103)
> **Operation Mode:** Search

Using ProRAE Studio allows access to other options. In addition, Diagnostic Mode (page 104) is available for service technicians.

11 Compound-Specific Operation

11.1 Compound-Specific Measurement

The UltraRAE 3000 can perform compound-specific measurement in addition to general VOC measurement. This requires using a RAE-Sep separation tube (butadiene or benzene) and having the UltraRAE 3000 in Tube Mode, operating with a 9.8eV lamp.

11.2 Measurement Phases

To perform a compound-specific measurement, follow this order:

1. UltraRAE 3000 is ready for sampling
2. Prepare the separation tube
3. Insert the separation tube
4. Start measurement
5. UltraRAE 3000 displays and logs measurement
6. Remove the separation tube

11.3 Performing A Measurement

Before performing a compound-specific measurement for Benzene or Butadiene using a RAE-Sep separation tube, make sure the UltraRAE 3000 is in Tube Mode and that the appropriate tube type is selected. The UltraRAE 3000 only acts as a compound-specific measurement device when it is equipped with a 9.8eV lamp. The UltraRAE 3000 is designed to auto-sense the lamp type. It can also be manually set to default to a 9.8eV lamp type.

Make sure the UltraRAE 3000 is set to operate with your selected tube:

1. Enter Programming Mode.
2. Select Measurement.
3. Select Tube Selection.
4. Make a choice of Benzene or Butadiene.
5. Save your choice.

To begin measuring, turn on the UltraRAE 3000. This screen is shown, which includes the CF (correction factor) and measurement gas type for calibration reference:

Press [N/-] to advance. You will see this screen:
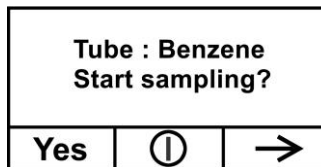
Do not begin sampling yet!

Before you start sampling, you must insert a RAE-Sep separation tube into the inlet/holder. Follow the Separation Tube Preparation and Placing A Tube Into The UltraRAE 3000 instructions before pressing any buttons on the UltraRAE 3000. Once the tube is in place, then proceed to measuring.

IMPORTANT!

Once a tube's ends are broken off, the material inside is exposed. Therefore, use the tube for sampling as soon as possible.

11.4 Separation Tube Preparation

CAUTION!

Wear hand and eye protection when breaking tube tips. Use caution in handling tubes with broken ends. Keep away from children. RAE-Sep tubes should be disposed of according to local regulations. See footnotes of data sheets for disposal information.

1. Open a package of RAE-Sep separation tubes and remove one.
2. Place the tip in the package's tube tip breaker (the small hole on the front) and snap off the tip.
3. Turn the tube around and snap off the other end.
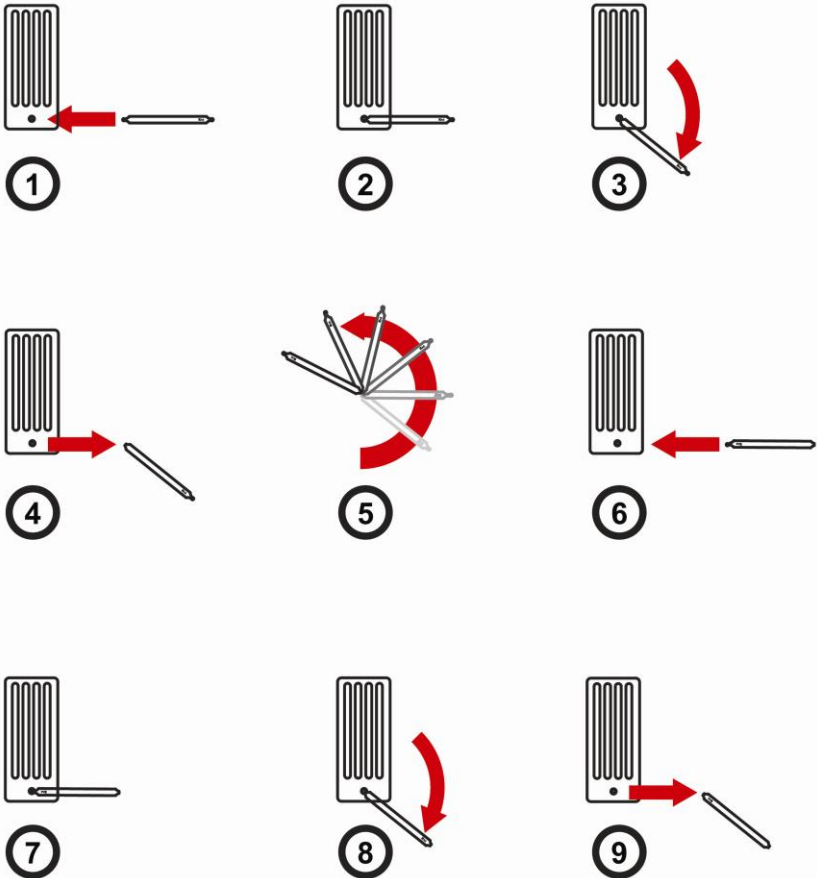
CAUTION!
Handle tubes with care. Tube ends are sharp after ends are broken off.

11.5 Inserting The Separation Tube

1. Unscrew the front of the sampling probe from the base.
2. Slip the tube into the rubber holder in the front portion. Make sure the arrow on the side of the tube points toward the instrument.
3. Insert the other end of the tube into the middle of the base while turning the front portion to tighten it onto the base's threads.
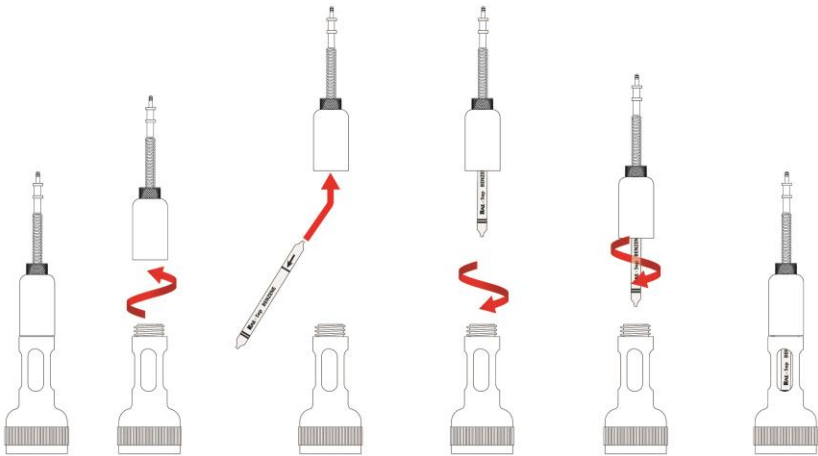
IMPORTANT!
Do not overtighten any portion of the sampling assembly.

Note: When the UltraRAE 3000 is used for VOC monitoring, no tube is inserted.

IMPORTANT!
To ensure that there are no leaks, periodically test the seals:

With the UltraRAE 3000 running, place your finger over the end of the inlet probe. The alarm should sound and the pump-stall icon should flash on the display. This indicates that all seals are good. Stop the alarm by pressing [Y/+]. If the pump does not alarm or show the stalled-pump icon, then check that all inlet parts are tight and inspect the O-ring for damage (replace it if necessary).

11.6 Measuring

Once the tube is in place, begin measuring by pressing [Y/+].

The display shows a countdown (60 seconds is shown here, but sampling time depends on the type of separation tube selected and the temperature):

```
        Wait ...
          60

                      Abort
```

Note: You can abort the sampling by pressing [N/-] at any time. Once the countdown is complete, the reading is shown:

```
Benzene= 0.00 ppm
 Continue and
 establish STEL?

  Yes          No
```

Press [Y/+] to continue sampling with the tube for 15 minutes to establish a STEL reading, or press [N/-] to return to the main menu.

WARNING!

At least 1/4 of the tube should still be yellow-orange at the bottom. If not, the STEL value is not valid. Abort the measurement and change the tube. Then do a snapshot test instead of a STEL test. **Note:** If the STEL is exceeded, the UltraRAE 3000 goes into alarm.

If you press [N/-] to return to the main menu, which shows the tube type instead of the CF (correction factor):

0.00 ppm
Tube = Benzene
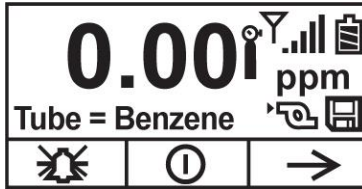
Press [N/-] to advance to this screen:

TWA: - - - - - ppm
STEL: - - - - - ppm
Peak: 0.00 ppm
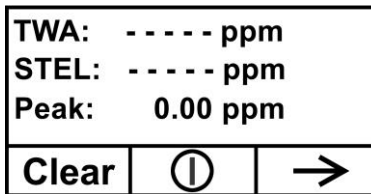
Clear   →

If you press [Y/+], you are asked, "Clear peak value! Are You Sure?" to confirm:

Clear peak value!
Are you sure?

Yes   **No**
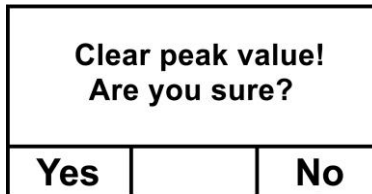
Press [Y/+] to clear the Peak value and exit to VOC operation.

If you press [N/-], this display is shown:
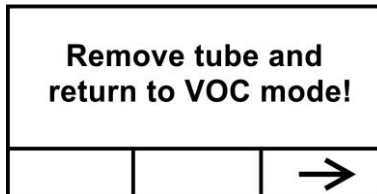
Remove tube and
return to VOC mode!

Remove the tube and put the inlet back together. Then press [N/-]. This display is shown:

```
              Resetting
       TWA, STEL, and Peak!

    |          |          |          |
```
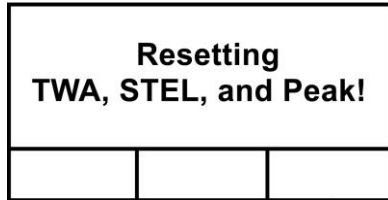
After a few seconds, the UltraRAE 3000 enters VOC mode and shows this display:

```
    Date     11/21/2007
    Time     06:30:55
    Temp     71° F

    |          |    (I)   |    →     |
```
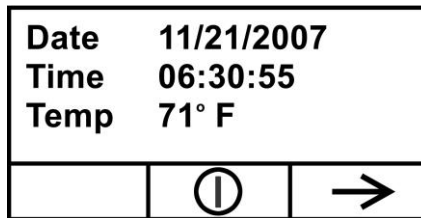
You can step through the rest of the steps by pressing [N/-] repeatedly until you reach the main menu again.

12   VOC Operation

12.1 Basic User Level/Hygiene Mode (Default Settings)

The instrument is programmed to operate in Basic User Level/Hygiene Mode as its default. This gives you the most commonly needed features while requiring the fewest parameter adjustments.

Pressing [N/-] steps you from one screen to the next, and eventually return to the main display. If you do not press a key within 60 seconds after entering a display, the instrument reverts to its main display.

Note: While viewing any of these screens, you can shut off your instrument by pressing [MODE].

Main Display

N/-

Date & Time & Temperature

N/-

TWA & STEL & Peak Clear?

N/-

Y/+

Tube: Butadiene Please calibrate first!

Peak Cleared! Display

Automatically reverts to main display if no buttons are pushed in 60 seconds

Wireless Settings

N/-

Cal. gas & Meas. gas & CF

N/-

Enter PC Comm and stop measurement?

Y/+

N/-

Display PC comm. ready...

Enter AutoRAE 2 and stop measurement?

Y/+

N/-

Ready to comm. with AutoRAE 2

Y/+

N/-

AutoRAE 2 Reports

N/- (Scroll)
Y/+ (Select)

Return to normal measurement mode?

Y/+

N/-

After communications are complete, reverts to main display

(Mesh Radio)

Wireless: 868EU
Unit ID: 3EE8 PAN ID: 980
Channel: 0

Y/+

Wireless: 868EU
Parent ID: 0000
Device Type: Standard

Y/+

Ping
RSSI: 60%   Sent: 0
Received: 8

Y/+

Wireless: 868EU
Tx Power: Medium
Radio Type: RM900

Y/+

OR

(Bluetooth)

Wireless: Bluetooth
Host: 6
Unit: 1   Status: 1

Press [Y/+] to step through wireless settings

Press [MODE] to ping network

Automatically reverts to main display if no buttons are pushed in 60 seconds

Note: Dashed line indicates automatic progression.

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After the instrument is turned on, it runs through the start-up menu. If the UltraRAE 3000 is set for "Power On Zero," then the message "**Apply zero gas…**" is displayed.

At this point, you can perform a zero air (fresh air) calibration. If the ambient air is clean, you can use that. Otherwise, use a cylinder of zero air. Refer to Zero Calibration on page 55 for a more detailed description of zero calibration.

Start zero calibration by pressing Start [Y/+]. You see the message "Zeroing…" followed by a 30-second countdown.

Note: You can press [MODE] to quit, bypassing the zero air calibration.

When zero calibration is complete, you see the message:

> Zeroing is done!

> Reading = 0.0 ppm

The instrument is now sampling and collecting data.

Note: At the Average & Peak, Date & Time & Temperature, Calibration Gas & Measurement Gas & Correction Factor, and PC Communications screens, the instrument automatically goes to the main display after 60 seconds if you do not push a key to make a selection.

13   Alarm Signals

During each measurement period, the gas concentration is compared with the programmed alarm limits (gas concentration alarm limit settings). If the concentration exceeds any of the preset limits, the loud buzzer and red flashing LED are activated immediately to warn you of the alarm condition.

In addition, the instrument alarms if one of the following conditions occurs: battery voltage falls below a preset voltage level, failure of the UV lamp, or pump stall.

13.1 Alarm Signal Summary

Message	Condition	Alarm Signal
HIGH	Gas exceeds "High Alarm" limit	3 beeps/flashes per second*
OVR	Gas exceeds measurement range	3 beeps/flashes per second*
MAX	Gas exceeds electronics' maximum range	3 beeps/flashes per second*
LOW	Gas exceeds "Low Alarm" limit	2 beeps/flashes per second*
TWA	Gas exceeds "TWA" limit	1 Beep/flash per second*
STEL	Gas exceeds "STEL" limit	1 Beep/flash per second*
Pump icon flashes	Pump failure	3 beeps/flashes per second
Lamp	PID lamp failure	3 beeps/flashes per second plus "Lamp" message on display
Battery icon flashes	Low battery	1 flash, 1 beep per minute plus battery icon flashes on display
CAL	Calibration failed, or needs calibration	1 beep/flash per second
NEG	Gas reading measures less than number stored in calibration	1 beep/flash per second

* Hygiene mode only. In Search mode, the number of beeps per second (1 to 7) depends upon the concentration of the sampled gas. Faster rates indicate higher concentrations.

13.2 Preset Alarm Limits & Calibration

The instrument is factory calibrated with standard calibration gas, and is programmed with default alarm limits.

Cal Gas	Cal Span	unit	Low	High	TWA	STEL
Isobutylene	100	ppm	50	100	10	25
Benzene	5	ppm	2	5	0.5	2.5
Butadiene	10	ppm	5	10	2	5

13.3 Testing The Alarm

You can test the alarm whenever the main (Reading) display is shown. Press [Y/+], and the audible and visible alarms are tested.

14   Integrated Sampling Pump

The instrument includes an integrated sampling pump. This diaphragm-type pump that provides a 450 to 550 cc per minute flow rate. Connecting a Teflon or metal tubing with 1/8" inside diameter to the gas inlet port of the instrument, this pump can pull in air samples from 200' (61 m) away horizontally, or 90' (27.5 m) vertically, at about 3' (0.9 m) per second flow speed.

Note: In Search Mode, the pump turns on when a sample measurement is started, and turns off when the sample is manually stopped.

If liquid or other objects are pulled into the inlet port filter, the instrument detects the obstruction and immediately shuts down the pump. The alarm is activated and a flashing pump icon is displayed.

You should acknowledge the pump shutoff condition by clearing the obstruction and pressing the [Y/+] key while in the main reading display to restart the pump.

15   Backlight

The LCD display is equipped with an LED backlight to assist in reading the display under poor lighting conditions.

16　Datalogging

During datalogging, the instrument displays a disk icon to indicate that datalogging is enabled. The instrument stores the measured gas concentration at the end of every sample period (when data logging is enabled). In addition, the following information is stored: user ID, site ID, serial number, last calibration date, and alarm limits. All data are retained (even after the unit is turned off) in non-volatile memory so that it can be down- loaded at a later time to a PC.

16.1　Datalogging Event

When Datalogging is enabled, measurement readings are being saved. These data are stored in "groups" or "events." A new event is created and stored each time the instrument is turned on and is set to automatic datalogging, or a configuration parameter is changed, or datalogging is interrupted. The maximum time for one event is 24 hours or 28,800 points. If an event exceeds 24 hours, a new event is automatically created. Information, such as start time, user ID, site ID, gas name, serial number, last calibration date, and alarm limits are recorded.

16.2　Datalogging Sample

After an event is recorded, the unit records a shorter form of the data. When transferred to a PC running ProRAE Studio, this data is arranged with a sample number, time, date, gas concentration, and other related information.

16.3 Auto/Manual/Snapshot Datalogging

The instrument has three datalog types:

Auto	Default mode. Collects datalog information when the instrument is sampling.
Manual	Datalogging occurs only when the instrument's datalogging is manually started (see page 63 for details).
Snapshot	Datalogs only during snapshot (single-event capture, initiated by pressing [MODE]) sampling. See page 65 for details.

Note: You can only choose one datalog type to be active at a time.

17   Accessories

The following accessories are included with the instrument:

- AC Adapter (Battery Charger)
- Travel Charger
- Alkaline battery adapter
- External Filter
- Organic Vapor Zeroing kit

Hard-case kits also include these accessories:
- Calibration gas, if specified
- Calibration adapter
- Calibration regulator and flow controller
- Charging Cradle (instead of Travel Charger)

18   Standard Kit & Accessories

18.1 AC Adapter (Battery Charger)

<div align="center">

WARNING

</div>

> **To reduce the risk of ignition of hazardous atmospheres, recharge battery only in area known to be non-hazardous**. **Remove and replace battery only in area known to be non-hazardous.**
>
> **Ne charger les batteries que dans emplacements designés non-dangereuses.**

A battery charging circuit is built into the instrument cradle. It only needs a regular AC to 12 VDC adapter (wall-mount transformer, part number 500-0114-000) to charge the instrument.

To charge the battery inside the instrument:

1. Power off the instrument.

2. Connect the AC adapter to the DC jack on the instrument's cradle. If the instrument is off, it automatically turns on.

3. While charging, the display message shows "Charging." The Primary LED on the cradle flashes green when charging.

4. When the battery is fully charged, the LED changes to glowing green continuously, and the message "Fully charged" appears on the display. If there is a charging error, the LED glows red continuously.

A completely discharged instrument can be charged to full capacity within 8 hours. Batteries drain slowly even if an instrument is off. Therefore, if the instrument has been in storage or has not been charged for several days or longer, check the charge before using it.

The factory-supplied battery is designed to last for 16 hours of normal operation (no alarm), for a new battery under the optimum circumstances. As the battery becomes older or is subject to adverse conditions (such as cold ambient temperature), its capacity will be significantly reduced.

18.2 External Filter

The external filter is made of PTFE (Teflon®) membrane with a 0.45 micron pore size to prevent dust or other particles from being sucked into the sensor manifold, which would cause extensive damage to the instrument. It prolongs the operating life of the sensor. To install the external filter, simply connect it to the instrument's inlet probe.

19   Optional Accessories

19.1 Calibration Adapter

The calibration adapter for the instrument is a simple 6-inch Tygon tubing with a metal adapter on one end. During calibration, simply insert the metal adapter into the regular gas inlet probe of the instrument and the tubing to the gas regulator on the gas bottle.

19.2 Calibration Regulator

The Calibration Regulator is used in the calibration process. It regulates the gas flow rate from the Span gas cylinder into the gas inlet of the instrument during calibration process. The maximum flow rate allowed by the flow controller is about 0.5L/min (500 cc per min.). Alternatively, a demand-flow regulator or a Tedlar gas bag may be used to match the pump flow precisely.

19.3 Organic Vapor Zeroing Kit

The Organic Vapor Zeroing Kit is used for filtering organic air contaminants that may affect the zero calibration reading. To use the Organic Vapor Zeroing Kit, simply connect the filter to the inlet port of the instrument.

19.4 AutoRAE 2 Automatic Test & Calibration System

The AutoRAE 2 Automatic Test and Calibration System for RAE Systems portable gas monitors makes compliance with monitor test and calibration requirements as easy as pressing a button. Simply cradle the monitor and the system will take care of all calibration, testing, and recharging.

The AutoRAE 2 is a flexible, modular system that can be configured to meet your calibration requirements effectively and efficiently. An AutoRAE 2 system can be as simple as a single cradle deployed in standalone mode to calibrate one instrument at a time, or as powerful as a networked, controller-based system supporting ten monitors and five distinct calibration gas cylinders.

20 Standard Two-Point Calibration (Zero & Span)

The following diagram shows the instrument's calibrations in Basic/Hygiene mode.

Note: Dashed line indicates automatic progression.

53
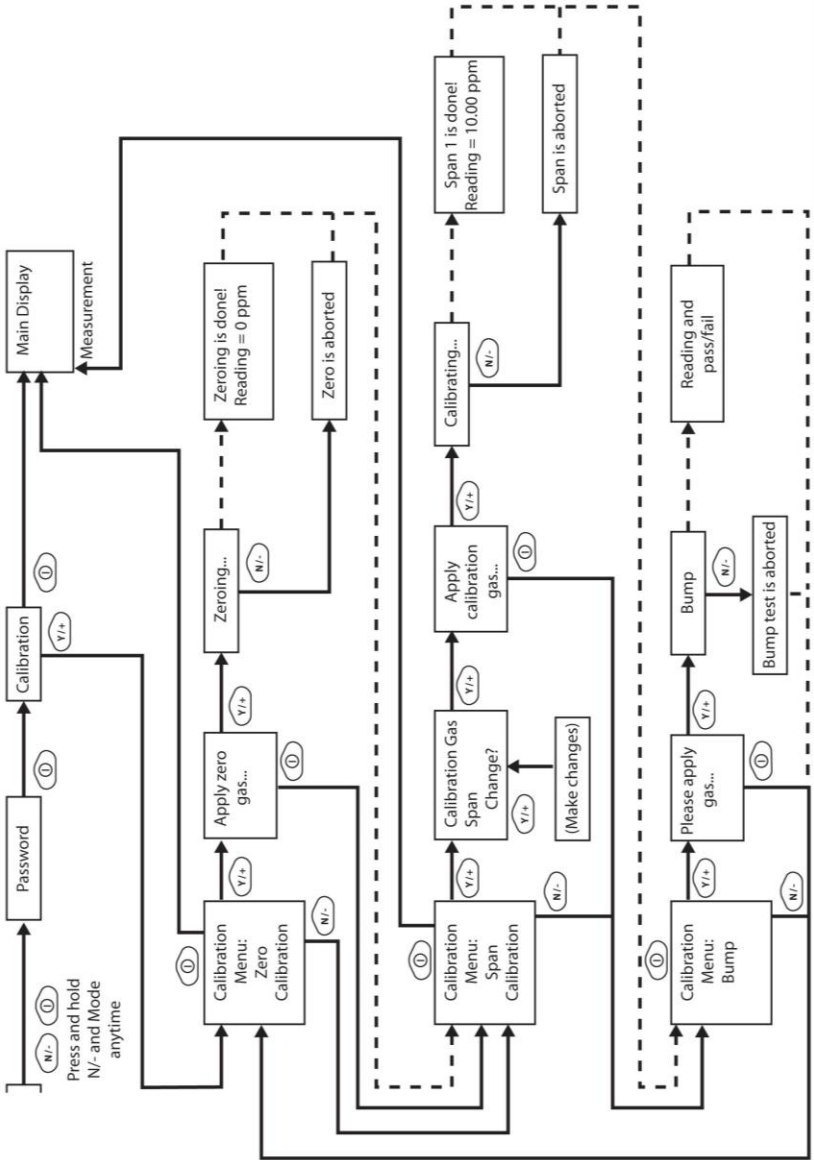
20.1 Entering Calibration

1. Press and hold [MODE] and [N/-] until you see the Password screen.

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│ Password                │
│    ┌──────────────────┐  │
│    │          ▌_ _ _  │  │
│    └──────────────────┘  │
├────────┬────────┬───────┤
│   ∧    │ Enter  │   →   │
└────────┴────────┴───────┘
```
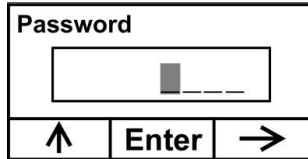
2. In Basic User Level, you do not need a password to perform calibrations. Instead of inputting a password, enter calibration by pressing [MODE].

   Note: If you inadvertently press [Y/+] and change any of the numbers, simply press [MODE] and you will be directed to the calibration menu.

The Calibration screen is now visible with Zero Calibration highlighted.

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│ Calibration             │
│ ┌─────────────────────┐ │
│ │ Zero Calib          │ │
│ └─────────────────────┘ │
│   Span Calib            │
├────────┬────────┬───────┤
│ Select │ Back   │   ∨   │
└────────┴────────┴───────┘
```
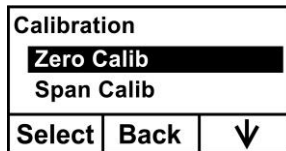
These are your options:

- Press [Y/+] to select the highlighted calibration (Zero Calib or Span Calib).
- Press [MODE] to exit calibration and return to the main display and resume measurement.
- Press [N/-] to toggle the highlighted calibration type.

20.2 Zero (Fresh Air) Calibration

This procedure determines the zero point of the sensor calibration curve. To perform a fresh air calibration, use the calibration adapter to connect the instrument to a "fresh" air source such as from a cylinder or Tedlar bag (optional accessory). The "fresh" air is clean, dry air without organic impurities and an oxygen value of 20.9%. If such an air cylinder is not available, any clean ambient air without detectable contaminants or a charcoal filter can be used.

At the Zero Calibration menu, you can proceed to perform a Zero calibration or bypass Zero calibration and perform a Span calibration. You may also go back to the initial Calibration menu if you want to exit calibration.

- Press [Y/+] to start calibration.
- Press [MODE] to quit and return to the main calibration display.

If you have pressed [Y/+] to enter Zero calibration, then you will see this message:

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│ Please apply zero       │
│ gas...                  │
│                         │
├──────────┬──────────┬───┤
│ Start    │ Quit     │   │
└──────────┴──────────┴───┘
```
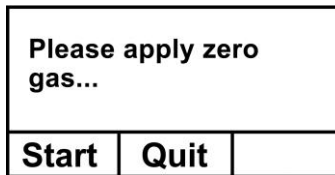
1. Turn on your Zero calibration gas.
2. Press [Y/+] to start calibration.

   Note: At this point, you may press [MODE] if you decide that you do not want to initiate calibration. This will take you directly to the Calibration menu, highlighted for Span calibration.

3. Zero calibration starts a 30-second countdown and displays this message:

    Zeroing...

During the zeroing process, the instrument performs the Zero calibration automatically and does not require any action on your part.

Note: To abort the zeroing process at any time and proceed to Span calibration, press [N/-] at any time while zeroing is being performed. You will see a confirmation message that says "Zero aborted!" and then the Span calibration menu appears.

When Zero calibration is complete, you see this message:

    Zeroing is done!
    Reading = 0.0 ppm

The instrument will then show the Calibration menu on its display, with Span Calib highlighted.

20.3 Span Calibration

This procedure determines the second point of the sensor calibration curve for the sensor. A cylinder of standard reference gas (span gas) fitted with a 500 cc/min. flow-limiting regulator or a flow-matching regulator is the simplest way to perform this procedure. Choose the 500 cc/min. regulator only if the flow rate matches or slightly exceeds the flow rate of the instrument pump. Alternatively, the span gas can first be filled into a Tedlar bag or delivered through a demand-flow regulator. Connect the calibration adapter to the inlet port of the instrument, and connect the tubing to the regulator or Tedlar bag.

Another alternative is to use a regulator with >500 cc/min flow but allow the excess flow to escape through a T or an open tube. In the latter method, the span gas flows out through an open tube slightly wider than the probe, and the probe is inserted into the calibration tube.

At the Span Calibration menu, you perform a Span calibration. You may also go back to the Zero calibration menu or to the initial Calibration menu if you want to exit calibration.

- Press [Y/+] to enter Span calibration.
- Press [N/-] to skip Span calibration and return to Zero calibration.
- Press [MODE] to exit Span calibration and return to the top calibration menu.

If you have pressed [Y/+] to enter Span calibration, then you will see the name of your Span gas (the default is isobutylene) and the span value in parts per million (ppm).

IMPORTANT!

If you are using the UltraRAE 3000 to test for benzene, it is recommended that you calibrate with 5 ppm benzene calibration gas from RAE Systems.

You will also see this message that prompts you:

C. Gas = Isobutene		
Span = 100 ppm		
Please apply gas 1...		
Start	**Quit**	

1. Turn on your span calibration gas.
2. Press [Y/+] to initiate calibration.

   Note: You may press [MODE] if you decide that you do not want to initiate calibration. This will abort the span calibration and take you directly to the Calibration menu for Zero calibration.

3. Span calibration starts and displays this message:

   Calibrating...

During the Span calibration process, there is a 30-second countdown and the instrument performs the Span calibration automatically. It requires no actions on your part.

Note: If you want to abort the Span calibration process, press [N/-] at any time during the process. You will see a confirmation message that says "Span is aborted!" and then the Zero calibration menu appears. You can then proceed to perform a Zero calibration, perform a Span calibration, or exit to the topmost Calibration menu.

When Span calibration is complete, you see a message similar to this (the value is an example only):

> Span 1 is done!
> Reading = 100.0 ppm

The instrument then exits Span calibration and shows the Zero calibration menu on its display.

Note: The reading should be very close to the span gas value.

20.4 Exiting Two-Point Calibration In Basic User Level

When you are done performing calibrations, press [MODE], which corresponds with "Back" on the display. You will see the following message:

Updating settings…

The instrument updates its settings and then returns to the main display. It begins or resumes monitoring.

21   Three-Point Calibration

For enhanced accuracy, it is possible to perform a second Span calibration in addition to the Zero and Span calibrations outlined in the previous section. Your instrument first must be set to allow this third calibration. This requires using ProRAE Studio software and a PC, as well as a higher concentration of calibration gas.

Note: Once the third calibration is set, you do not need to use ProRAE Studio to allow future 3-point calibrations. Also, you can only disable 3-point calibration capability by using ProRAE Studio again.

Perform the Zero and Span calibrations. After the first Span calibration (Span 1) is completed, the display a second Span calibration (Span 2) can be performed. The process is identical to the first calibration. As in the Span 1 calibration, you may exit and return to the Zero calibration screen if you choose not to perform this calibration or to abort it.

Note: If a bump test is available, it appears after the last calibration in the menu. See "Two-Point Calibration," page 50, for details. Also, refer to page 61 for details on how to perform a bump test.

Note: Dashed line indicates automatic progression.
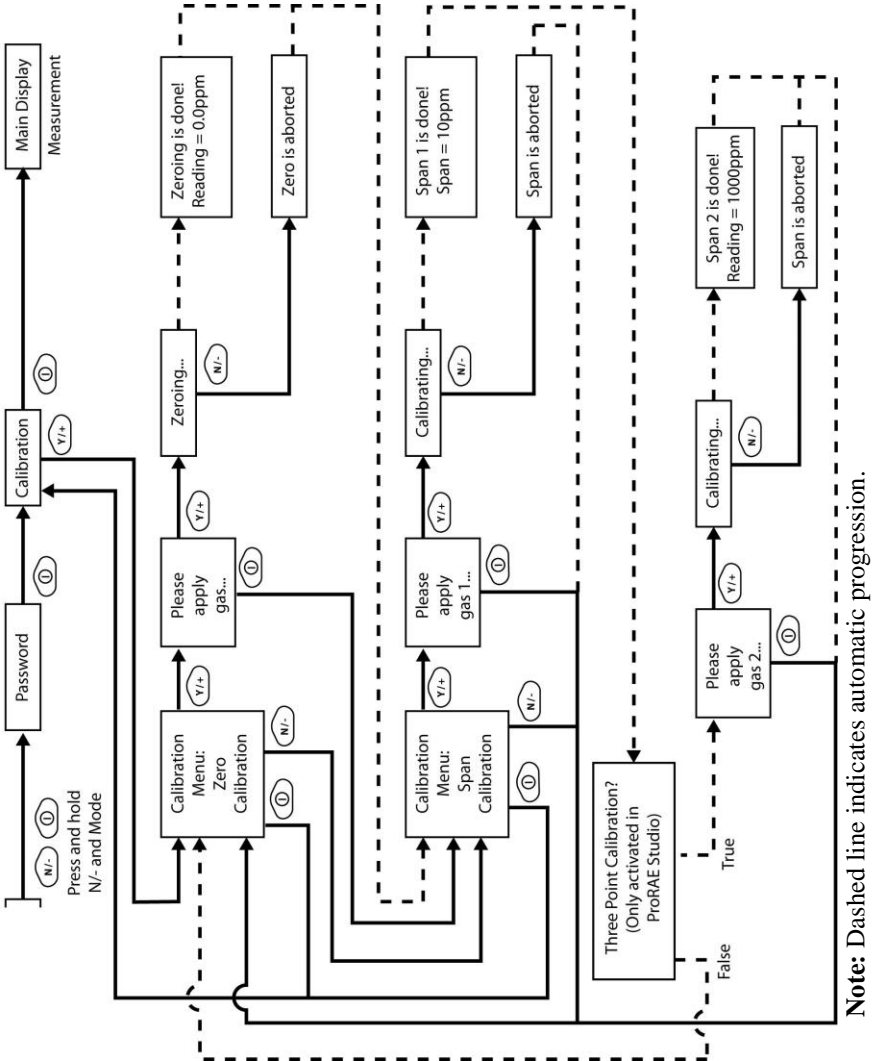
21.1 Span 2 Calibration

A cylinder of standard reference gas (span gas) fitted with a 500 cc/min. flow-limiting regulator or a flow-matching regulator is the simplest way to perform this procedure.

Note: This gas should be of a higher concentration than the gas used for Span 1 calibration.

Choose the 500 cc/min. regulator only if the flow rate matches or slightly exceeds the flow rate of the instrument pump. Alternatively, the span gas can first be filled into a Tedlar bag or delivered through a demand-flow regulator. Connect the calibration adapter to the inlet port of the instrument, and connect the tubing to the regulator or Tedlar bag.

Another alternative is to use a regulator with >500 cc/min flow but allow the excess flow to escape through a T or an open tube. In the latter method, the span gas flows out through an open tube slightly wider than the probe, and the probe is inserted into the calibration tube.

At the Span Calibration menu, you perform a Span calibration. You may also go back to the Zero calibration menu or to the initial Calibration menu if you want to exit calibration.

- Press [Y/+] to enter Span 2 calibration.
- Press [N/-] to skip Span calibration and return to Zero calibration.
- Press [MODE] to exit Span calibration and return to the top calibration menu.

If you have pressed [Y/+] to enter Span calibration, then you will see the name of your Span gas (the default is isobutylene) and the span value in parts per million (ppm). You will also see this message that prompts you:

> Please apply gas...

4. Turn on your span calibration gas.

5. Press [Y/+] to initiate calibration.

   Note: You may press [MODE] if you decide that you do not want to initiate calibration. This will take you directly to the Calibration menu for Zero calibration.

6. Span calibration starts a 30-second countdown and displays this message:

   Calibrating...

During the Span calibration process, the instrument performs the Span calibration automatically and does not require any action on your part.

Note: If you want to abort the Span calibration process, press [N/-] at any time during the process. You will see a confirmation message that says "Span is aborted!" and then the Zero calibration menu will appear. You can then proceed to perform a Zero calibration, perform a Span calibration, or exit to the topmost Calibration menu.

When Span calibration is complete, you will see a message similar to this (the value shown here is for example only):

   Span 2 is done!
   Reading = 1000 ppm

The instrument then exits Span calibration and shows the Zero calibration menu on its display.

Note: The reading should be very close to the span gas value.

21.2 Exiting Three-Point Calibration

When you are done performing calibrations, press [MODE], which corresponds with "Back" on the display. You will see the following message:

> Updating settings…

The instrument updates its settings and then returns to the main display. It begins or resumes monitoring.

22   Bump Test

RAE Systems recommends that a bump test be conducted prior to each day's use. The purpose of a bump test is to ensure that the instrument's sensors respond to gas and all the alarms are enabled and functional.

- The UltraRAE 3000 must be calibrated if it does not pass a bump test when a new sensor is installed, after sensor maintenance has been performed, or at least once every 180 days, depending on use and sensor exposure to poisons and contaminants.
- Calibration and bump test intervals and procedures may vary due to national legislation and company policy.

To perform a bump test (functional challenge), follow these steps:

1. Select "Bump."

2. Install the calibration adapter and connect it to a source of calibration gas.

3. Verify that the displayed calibration value meets the concentration specified on the gas cylinder.

4. Start the flow of calibration gas.

5. Press [Y/+] to start the bump test.

6. You can abort the calibration at any time during the countdown by pressing [N/-].

7. If the calibration is not aborted, the display shows reading and
    then tells you whether the bump test passed or failed. If the bump
    test failed, then it automatically advances to the Calibration
    screen.

Important!

Anytime a bump test fails, you should perform a full calibration of the
instrument.

23   Programming Mode

Programming Mode can be entered from either Hygiene Mode or Search Mode. If the current user mode is Basic, you must provide a 4-digit password to enter.

23.1 Entering Programming Mode

1. Press and hold [MODE] and [N/-] until you see the Password screen.

```
┌─────────────────────────────┐
│ Password                    │
│   ┌─────────────────────┐   │
│   │         █ _ _ _     │   │
│   └─────────────────────┘   │
├────────┬──────────┬─────────┤
│   ⋀    │  Enter   │   →     │
└────────┴──────────┴─────────┘
```
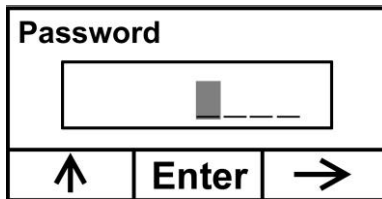
2. Input the 4-digit password:

  • Increase the number from 0 through 9 by pressing [Y/+].
  • Step from digit to digit using [N/-].
  • Press [MODE] when you are done.

If you make a mistake, you can cycle through the digits by pressing [N/-] and then using [Y/+] to change the number in each position.

Note: The default password is 0000.

When you have successfully entered Programming Mode, you see this screen:

Calibration
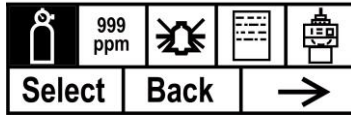
Note: The password can only be changed by connecting the instrument to a PC running ProRAE Studio software. Follow the instructions in ProRAE Studio to change it.The Calibration label is shown and its icon is highlighted, but you can press [N/-] to step from one programming menu to the next, with the name of the menu shown at the top of the display and the corresponding icon highlighted. As you repeatedly press [N/-], the selection moves from left to right, and you see these screens:
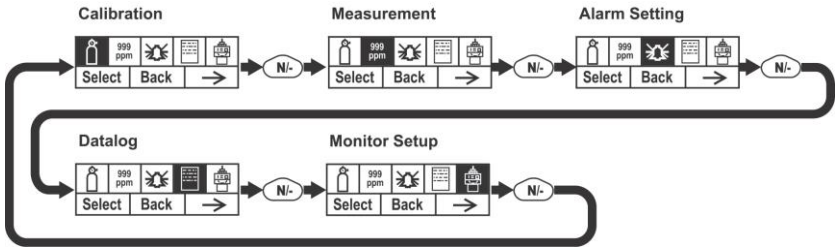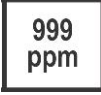
Note: When you reach Monitor Setup and press [N/-], the menu cycles back to Calibration.

24   Programming Mode Menus

The Programming Mode allows anyone with the password to change the instrument's settings, calibrate the instrument, modify the sensor configuration, enter user information, etc. Programming Mode has five menus. Each menu includes several sub-menus to perform additional programming functions.

This table shows the menus and sub-menus:

Calibration	Measurement	Alarm Setting	Datalog	Monitor Setup
Zero Calibration	Meas. Gas	High Alarm	Clear Datalog	Radio Power
Span Calibration	Meas. Unit	Low Alarm	Interval	Op Mode
Bump	Tube Selection	STEL Alarm	Data Selection	Site ID
		TWA Alarm	Datalog Type	User ID
		Alarm Mode		User Mode
		Buzzer & Light		Date
				Time
				Pump Duty Cycle
				Pump Speed
				Temperature Unit
				Language
				Real Time Protocol
				Power On Zero
				Unit ID
				LCD Contrast
				Lamp ID
				PAN ID
				Mesh Channel
				Mesh Interval

Once you enter Programming Mode, the LCD displays the first menu, Calibration. Each subsequent menu is accessed by pressing [N/-] repeatedly until the desired menu is displayed. To enter a sub-menu of a menu, press [Y/+].

24.1 Exiting Programming Mode

To exit Programming Mode and return to normal operation, press [MODE] once at any of the programming menu displays. You will see "Updating Settings…" as changes are registered and the mode changes.

24.2 Navigating Programming Mode Menus

Navigating through the Programming Mode menus is easy and consistent, using a single interface format of "Select," "Back" and "Next" at the top level. The three control buttons correspond to these choices as shown:
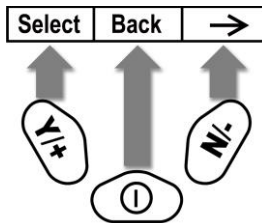
Note: Pressing [MODE] in the Programming Mode's top level causes the instrument to exit Programming Mode and return to monitoring.

The three keys perform the following functions in Programming Mode:

Key	Function in Programming Mode
[MODE]:	Exit menu when pressed momentarily or exit data entry mode
[Y/+]:	Increase alphanumerical value for data entry or confirm (yes) for a question
[N/-]:	Provides a "no" response to a question

24.3 Calibration

Three types of calibration are available: Zero (fresh air) and Span.
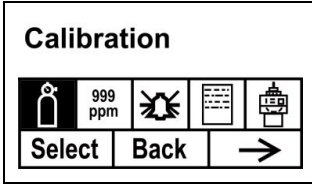
Select Zero or Span Calibration by pressing [N/+]. Once your choice is highlighted, press [Y/+].

24.3.1 Zero Calibration

The procedure for performing a zero calibration is covered on page 53.

24.3.2 Span Calibration

The procedure for performing a basic span calibration is covered on page 53.

24.3.3 Bump

The procedure for performing a bump test is covered on page 64.
A bump test can be performed either manually or using the AutoRAE 2 Automatic Test and Calibration System. When a bump test is done manually, the instrument makes a pass/fail decision based on sensor performance, but the user still has the responsibility to make sure all the alarms are enabled and functional.

Note: Bump testing and calibration can be performed using an AutoRAE 2 Automatic Test & Calibration System. An AutoRAE 2

bump test takes care of both the sensor and alarm tests. Consult the AutoRAE 2 User's guide for details.

The same gas is used for a bump test as for calibration. The instrument must be connected to a cylinder of calibration gas with supplied tubing.

IMPORTANT!

If the instrument does not pass a bump test, perform a full calibration. If calibration also fails, the PID sensor or lamp may require cleaning or replacement. If the instrument repeatedly fails to calibrate, turn it off and refer it for servicing.

24.4 Measurement

The sub-menus for Measurement are Measurement Gas and Measurement Unit.
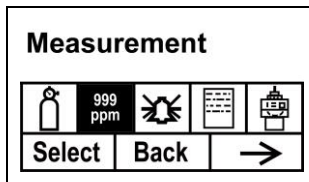
24.4.1 Meas. Gas

Measurement gases are organized in four lists:

- My List is a customized list of gases that you create. It contains a maximum of 10 gases and can only be built in ProRAE Studio on a PC and transferred to the instrument. **Note:** The first gas in the list is always isobutylene (it cannot be removed from the list).
- Last Ten is a list of the last ten gases used by your instrument. The list is built automatically and is only updated if the gas selected from Custom Gases or Library is not already in the Last Ten. This ensures that there is no repetition.
- Gas Library is a library that consists of many of the gases found in RAE Systems' Technical Note TN-106 (available online at www.raesystems.com).
- Custom Gases are gases with user-modified parameters. Using ProRAE Studio, all parameters defining a gas can be modified, including the name, span value(s), correction factor, and default alarm limits.

    1. Scroll through each list by pressing [N/-].
    2. Press [Y/+] to select one (My List, Last Ten, Gas Library, or Custom Gases).

3. Once you are in one of the categories, press [N/-] to scroll through its list of options and [Y/+] to select one. (If you press [MODE], you exit to the next submenu.)
4. Press [Y/+] to save your choice or [N/-] to undo your selection.

Leave the sub-menu and return to the Programming Mode menus by pressing [MODE].

24.4.2 Meas. Unit

Standard available measurement units include:

Abbreviation	Unit	UltraRAE 3000
ppm	parts per million	Yes
ppb	parts per billion	
mg/m3	milligrams per cubic meter	Yes
ug/m3	micrograms per cubic meter	

- Scroll through the list by pressing [N/-].
- Select by pressing [Y/+].
- Save your selection by pressing [Y/+] or undo your selection by pressing [N/-].

Leave the sub-menu and return to the Programming Mode menus by pressing [MODE].

24.4.3 Tube Selection

When operating the UltraRAE 3000 in Compound Specific mode, the internal computer works most effectively when it is told which type of separation tube is being used.

```
┌─────────────────────────────────┐
│ Tube Selection                  │
│ ⊙ Benzene                       │
│ ○ Butadiene                     │
├─────────┬───────────┬───────────┤
│ Select  │  Done     │    ↓      │
└─────────┴───────────┴───────────┘
```

1. Scroll through the menu by pressing [N/-].
2. Press [Y/+] to make a selection.
3. Press [MODE] when you are done.
4. Press [Y/+] to save your choice or [N/-] to undo your selection.

```
┌─────────────────────────────────┐
│ Tube Selection                  │
│ ⊙ Benzene                       │
│ ○ Butadiene                     │
├──────────┬──────────┬───────────┤
│ Save     │          │  Undo     │
└──────────┴──────────┴───────────┘
```

24.5 Alarm Setting

During each measurement period, the gas concentration is compared with the programmed alarm limits (gas concentration alarm limit settings: Low, High, TWA and STEL). If the concentration exceeds any of the preset limits, the loud buzzer and red flashing LED are activated immediately to warn of the alarm condition.

An alarm signal summary is shown on page 46.

In this menu, you can change the High and Low alarm limits, the STEL limit, and the TWA. Press [Y/+] to to enter the Alarm Setting menu. **Note:** All settings are shown in ppb (parts per billion), or µg/m^3 (micrograms per cubic meter), depending on your setting.

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│ Alarm Setting           │
│                         │
│ ┌──┐ 999 [☼] [▦] [⚗]    │
│ │  │ ppm                 │
│ ├──────┬──────┬──────┤   │
│ │Select│ Back │  →   │   │
│ └──────┴──────┴──────┘   │
└─────────────────────────┘
```
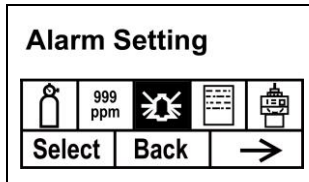
1. Scroll through the Alarm Limit sub-menu using the [N/-] key until the display shows the desired limit to be changed (High Alarm, Low Alarm, STEL Alarm, and TWA Alarm)
2. Press [Y/+] to select one of the alarm types. The display shows a flashing cursor on the left-most digit of the previously stored alarm limit.
3. Press [Y/+] to increase each digit's value.
4. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit.
5. Again, use [Y/+] to increase the number.

Repeat this process until all numbers are entered.

Press [MODE] when you are done.

- Press [Y/+] to save the changes.
- Press [N/-] to undo the changes and revert to the previous settings.

When all alarm types have been changed or bypassed, press [MODE] to exit to the Programming Menu.

24.5.1 High Alarm

You can change the High Alarm limit value. The value is typically set by the instrument to match the value for the current calibration gas. It is expressed in parts per billion (ppb). **Note:** The default value depends on the measurement gas.

To change the High Alarm value:

1. Press [Y/+] to increase each digit's value.
2. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit.
3. Again, use [Y/+] to increase the number.

Repeat this process until all numbers are entered.
When you have completed your selections, press [MODE]. You will see two choices: Save and Undo. You have the opportunity to register the new settings or to change your mind and revert to your previous settings.

Press [Y/+] to save the changes.
Press [N/-] to undo the changes and revert to the previous settings.

24.5.2 Low Alarm

You can change the Low Alarm limit value. The value is typically set by the instrument to match the value for the current calibration gas. It is expressed in parts per billion (ppb). **Note:** The default value depends on the measurement gas.

To change the Low Alarm value:

1. Press [Y/+] to increase each digit's value.
2. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit.
3. Again, use [Y/+] to increase the number.

Repeat this process until all numbers are entered.

When you have completed your selections, press [MODE]. You will see two choices: Save and Undo. You have the opportunity to register the new settings or to change your mind and revert to your previous settings.

- Press [Y/+] to save the changes.
- Press [N/-] to undo the changes and revert to the previous settings.

24.5.3 STEL Alarm

You can change the STEL Alarm limit value. The value is typically set by the instrument to match the value for the calibration gas. It is expressed in parts per billion (ppb). **Note:** The default value depends on the measurement gas.

To change the STEL Alarm value:

1. Press [Y/+] to increase each digit's value.

2. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit.

3. Again, use [Y/+] to increase the number.

Repeat this process until all numbers are entered.

When you have completed your selections, press [MODE]. You will see two choices: Save and Undo. You have the opportunity to register the new settings or to change your mind and revert to your previous settings.

- Press [Y/+] to save the changes.
- Press [N/-] to undo the changes and revert to the previous settings.

24.5.4 TWA Alarm

You can change the TWA (time-weighted average) Alarm limit value. The value is typically set by the instrument to match the value for the calibration gas. It is expressed in parts per billion (ppb). **Note:** The default value depends on the measurement gas.

To change the TWA Alarm value:

1. Press [Y/+] to increase each digit's value.

2. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit.

3. Again, use [Y/+] to increase the number.

Repeat this process until all numbers are entered.

When you have completed your selections, press [MODE]. You will see two choices:

- Save
- Undo

You have the opportunity to register the new settings or to change your mind and revert to your previous settings.

- Press [Y/+] to save the changes.
- Press [N/-] to undo the changes and revert to the previous settings.

24.5.5 Alarm Mode

There are two selectable alarm modes:

Latched   When the alarm is triggered, you can manually stop the alarm.
The latched setting only controls alarms for High Alarm, Low Alarm, STEL Alarm, and TWA alarm.

Note: To clear an alarm when the instrument is set to "Latched," press [Y/+] when the main (Reading) display is shown.

Automatic Reset   When the alarm condition is no longer present, the alarm stops and resets itself.

1. Press [N/-] to step from one alarm mode to the other.

2. Press [Y/+] to select an alarm mode.

When you have completed your selections, press [MODE].

You will see two choices: Save and Undo. You have the opportunity to register the new settings or to change your mind and revert to your previous settings.

- Press [Y/+] to save the changes.
- Press [N/-] to undo the changes and revert to the previous settings.

24.5.6 Buzzer & Light

The buzzer and light alarms can be programmed to be on or off individually or in combination. Your choices are:

- Both on
- Light only
- Buzzer only
- Both off

1. Press [N/-] to step from one option to the next.
2. Press [Y/+] to make your selection (the dark circle in the "radio button" indicates your selection).
3. When you have completed your selections, press [MODE].

   You will see two choices: Save and Undo. You have the opportunity to register the new settings or to change your mind and revert to your previous settings.

   - Press [Y/+] to save the changes.
   - Press [N/-] to undo the changes and revert to the previous settings.

24.6 Datalog

The instrument calculates and stores the concentration and ID of each sample taken. In the datalog sub-menu, a user can perform the tasks and functions shown below.
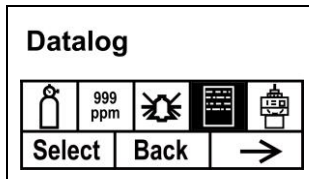
1. Scroll through the Datalog sub-menu using the [N/-] key until the display shows the desired parameter to be changed:

   Clear Datalog
   Interval
   Data Selection
   Datalog Type

2. Press [Y/+] to make your selection. Exit by pressing [MODE] for Back.

24.6.1 Clear Datalog

This erases all the data stored in the datalog.

Note: Once the datalog is cleared, the data cannot be recovered.

Press [Y/+] to clear the datalog. The display asks, "Are you sure?"

- Press [Y/+] if you want to clear the datalog. When it has been cleared, the display shows "Datalog Cleared!"
- Press [N/-] if you do not want to clear the datalog.

The display changes, and you are taken to the next sub-menu, Interval.

24.6.2 Interval

Intervals are shown in seconds. The default value is 60 seconds. The maximum interval is 3600 seconds.

1. Press [Y/+] to increase each digit's value.

2. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit.

3. Again, use [Y/+] to increase the number.

Repeat this process until all numbers are entered.

When you have completed your selections, press [MODE].

You will see two choices: Save and Undo. You have the opportunity to register the new settings or to change your mind and revert to your previous settings.

- Press [Y/+] to save the changes.
- Press [N/-] to undo the changes and revert to the previous settings.

24.6.3 Data Selection

Data Selection allows you to select which types of data are stored and made available when you offload your datalog to a computer via ProRAE Studio software.

You can choose any or all of three types of data (you must choose at least one):

- Average
- Maximum
- Minimum

1. Press [N/-] to step from one option to the next. The highlighter indicates your choice.
2. Press [Y/+] to toggle your selection on or off (the check box indicates "on" with an "X").
3. When you have completed your selections, press [MODE].

You will see two choices: Save and Undo. You have the opportunity to register the new settings or to change your mind and revert to your previous settings.

- Press [Y/+] to save the changes.
- Press [N/-] to undo the changes and revert to the previous settings.

24.6.4 Datalog Type

The instrument has three datalog types:

Auto   Default mode. Collects datalog information when the instrument is sampling.

Manual   Datalogging occurs only when the instrument's datalogging is manually started (see below for details).

Snapshot   Datalogs only during single-event capture sampling.

Note: You can only choose one datalog type to be active at a time.

1. Press [N/-] to step from one option to the next.
2. Press [Y/+] to make your selection (the dark circle in the "radio button" indicates "on").
3. When you have completed your selection, press [MODE].

You will see two choices: Save and Undo. You have the opportunity to register the new settings or to change your mind and revert to your previous settings.

- Press [Y/+] to save the changes.
- Press [N/-] to undo the changes and revert to the previous settings.

24.6.5 Manual Datalog

When the instrument is set to Manual Datalog, you turn datalogging on and off by stepping through the displays from the Main Display, and then pressing the keys to select datalog on/off functions.

- When you reach the screen that says "Start Datalog?" press [Y/+] to start it. You see "Datalog Started," confirming that datalogging is now on.

When you reach the screen that says "Stop Datalog?" press [Y/+] to stop it. You see "Datalog Stopped," confirming that datalogging is now off.

HYGIENE MODE

Main Display

TWA & STEL & Peak
Clear?

Peak Cleared!
Display

Date & Time & Temperature

Wireless Settings

Cal. gas & Meas. gas & CF

Enter PC Comm and stop measurement?

Display PC comm. ready...

Enter AutoRAE 2 and stop measurement?

Ready to comm. with AutoRAE 2

AutoRAE 2 Reports
[N/-] (Scroll)
[Y/+] (Select)

Return to normal measurement mode?

(Mesh Radio)

Wireless: 868EU
Unit ID: 3EE8 PAN ID: 980
Channel: 0

Wireless: 868EU
Parent ID: 0000
Device Type: Standard

Ping
RSSI: 60%   Sent: 0
Received: 8

Wireless: 868EU
Tx Power: Medium
Radio Type: RM900

(Bluetooth)

Wireless: Bluetooth
Host: 6
Unit: 1   Status: 1

Press [Y/+] to step through wireless settings

Press [MODE] to ping network

Automatically reverts to main display if no buttons are pushed in 60 seconds

Automatically reverts to main display if no buttons are pushed in 60 seconds

After communications are complete, reverts to main display

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24.6.6 Snapshot Datalog

When the instrument is in Snapshot datalogging mode, it captures a single "snapshot" of the data at the moment of your choosing. Whenever the instrument is on and it is set to Snapshot, all you have to do is press [MODE] each time you want to capture a snapshot of the data at that instant.

When you send the data to a computer using ProRAE Studio, the data snapshots are uniquely identified by time and other parameters.

24.7 Monitor Setup

Many settings can be accessed in this menu, including setting the date and time and adjusting the pump's on/off duty cycle.
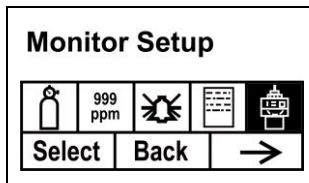
24.7.1 Radio Power

The radio connection can be turned on or off. (The default value is off.)

1. Press [N/-] to step from one option to the next (on or off).
2. Press [Y/+] to make your selection (the dark circle in the "radio button" indicates that the option is selected).
3. When you have completed your selection, press [MODE].

    - Press [Y/+] to accept the new radio setting (on or off).
    - Press [N/-] to discard the change and move to the next sub-menu.

24.7.2 Op Mode

Under Monitor Setup is "Op Mode."

Press [Y/+] to select.

You see two options (one is highlighted):

Hygiene
Search

The current mode is indicated by a dark circle within the circle in front of either Hygiene or Search.

1. Select Hygiene or Search by pressing [N/-]. The highlighting changes from one to the other each time you press [N/-].
2. Press [Y/+] to select that mode for the instrument.
3. Press [MODE] when you want to register your selection to place the instrument in the selected mode.
4. Press [Y/+] to commit the change and exit to the Monitor Setup screen, or press [N/-] to Undo (exit to the Monitor Setup screen without changing the Mode).

24.7.3 Site ID

Enter an 8-digit alphanumeric/character Site ID in the programming mode. This Site ID is included in the datalog report.

1. Press [Y/+] and the display shows the current site ID. Example: "RAE00001." Note that the left-most digit flashes to indicate it is the selected one.

2. Press [Y/+] to step through all 26 letters (A to Z) and 10 numerals (0 to 9).
   Note: The last four digits must be numerals.

3. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit. The next digit to the right flashes.

Repeat this process until all eight digits of the new site ID are entered.

Press [MODE] to exit.

If there is any change to the existing site ID, the display shows "Save?" Press [Y/+] to accept the new site ID. Press [N/-] to discard the change and move to the next sub-menu.

24.7.4 User ID

Enter an 8-digit alphanumeric User ID in the programming mode. This User ID is included in the datalog report.

1. Press [Y/+] and the display shows the current User ID. Example: "RAE00001." Note that the left-most digit flashes to indicate it is the selected one.

2. Press [Y/+] to step through all 26 letters (A to Z) and 10 numerals (0 to 9).

3. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit. The next digit to the right flashes.

   Repeat this process until all eight digits of the new User ID are entered.

Press [MODE] to exit.

If there is any change to the existing User ID, the display shows "Save" Press [Y/+] to accept the new site ID. Press [N/-] to discard (undo) the change and move to the next sub-menu.

24.7.5 User Mode

The instrument has two user modes:

Basic   Basic users can only see and use a basic set of functions.
Advanced   Advanced users can see all screens and perform all available functions.

Note: The default value for User Mode is Basic.

To change the User Mode:

1. Press [N/-] to step from one option to the next. The highlighting changes each time you press [N/-].
2. Press [Y/+] to make your selection (the dark circle in the "radio button" indicates "on").
3. When you have completed your selection, press [MODE].
4. Press [Y/+] to accept the new User Mode. Press [N/-] to discard the change and move to the next sub-menu.

24.7.6 Date

The Date is expressed as Month/Day/Year, with two digits for each.

1. Press [Y/+] and the display shows the current date. Note that the left-most digit flashes to indicate it is selected.

2. Press [Y/+] to step through all 10 numerals (0 to 9).

3. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit. The next digit to the right flashes.

    Repeat this process until all six digits of the new date are entered.

Press [MODE] to exit.

*   Press [Y/+] to save the new date.
*   Press [N/-] to undo the change and move to the next sub-menu.

24.7.7 Time

The Time is expressed as Hours/Minutes/Seconds, with two digits for each. The time is in 24-hour (military) format.

1. Press [Y/+] and the display shows the current time. Note that the left-most digit flashes to indicate it is selected.

2. Press [Y/+] to step through all 10 numerals (0 to 9).

3. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit. The next digit to the right flashes.

   Repeat this process until all six digits of the new time are entered.

Press [MODE] to exit.

- Press [Y/+] to save the new date.
- Press [N/-] to undo the change and move to the next sub-menu.

24.7.8 Duty Cycle

The pump's duty cycle is the ratio of its on time to off time. The duty cycle ranges from 50% to 100% (always on; this is the default value), and the period is 10 seconds. Therefore, a duty cycle of 60% means that the pump is on for 6 seconds and off for four seconds. Duty cycling is employed by the instrument to clean the PID. A lower duty cycle has a greater effect on keeping the PID clean than a higher duty cycle.

Important! Pump duty cycling is interrupted when the instrument senses a gas. The pump's duty cycle is disabled when the measurement is greater than the 2ppm threshold and is re-enabled when the reading falls below 90% of the threshold (1.8 ppm).

1. Press [Y/+] to increase the value.
2. When you have completed your selection, press [MODE].
   - Press [Y/+] to save the new duty cycle value.
   - Press [N/-] to undo the change and move to the next sub-menu.

24.7.9 Temperature Unit

The temperature display can be switched between Fahrenheit and Celsius units.

1. Press [N/-] to step from one option to the next.
2. Press [Y/+] to make your selection (the dark circle in the "radio button" indicates "on").
3. When you have completed your selection, press [MODE].
   - Press [Y/+] to save the new temperature unit.
   - Press [N/-] to undo the change and move to the next sub-menu.

24.7.10 Pump Speed

The pump can operate at two speeds, high and low. Running at low speed is quieter and conserves a small amount of power. There is almost no difference in sampling accuracy.

1. Press [N/-] to step from one option to the next.
2. Press [Y/+] to make your selection (the dark circle in the "radio button" indicates "on").
3. When you have completed your selection, press [MODE].
   - Press [Y/+] to save the new temperature unit.
   - Press [N/-] to undo the change and move to the next sub-menu.

24.7.11 Language

English is the default language, but other languages can be selected for the instrument.

1. Press [N/-] to step from one option to the next.
2. Press [Y/+] to make your selection (the dark circle in the "radio button" indicates "on").
3. When you have completed your selection, press [MODE].
   - Press [Y/+] to save your new language choice.
   - Press [N/-] to undo it and return to the previous language selection.

24.7.12 Real Time Protocol

Real Time Protocol is the setting for data transmission.

The choices are:

P2M (cable)   Point to multipoint. Data is transferred from the instrument to multiple locations using a wired connection. Default data rate: 19200 bps.

P2P (cable)   Point to point (default). Data is transferred only between the instrument and one other location, such as a computer. Default data rate: 9600 bps.

P2M (wireless)   Point to multipoint, wireless. Data is transferred wirelessly and can be received by multiple receivers. Use this setting with a RAELink3.

1. Press [N/-] to step from one option to the next.
2. Press [Y/+] to make your selection (the dark circle in the "radio button" indicates "on").
3. When you have completed your selection, press [MODE].
   - Press [Y/+] to save the new real-time communications protocol.
   - Press [N/-] to undo the change and move to the next sub-menu.

24.7.13 Power On Zero

When Power On Zero is on, the instrument is ready to perform a zero calibration when it is turned on.

1. Press [N/-] to step from one option to the next.
2. Press [Y/+] to make your selection (the dark circle in the "radio button" indicates your selection).
3. When you have completed your selection, press [MODE].
   - Press [Y/+] to save the change.
   - Press [N/-] to discard the change and move to the next sub-menu.

24.7.14 Unit ID

This three-digit number keeps data separated by instrument when more than one instrument is used in a network. If multiple sensing units are attempting to communicate with the same Host, then the units must all have a different Unit ID.

1. Press [Y/+] to step through all 10 numerals (0 to 9). If you pass the numeral you want, keep pressing [Y/+]. After it counts up to 9, it starts counting up from 0 again.

2. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit. The next digit to the right flashes.

Repeat this process until all three digits of the Unit ID are entered.

3. Press [MODE] when you are done.
   - Press [Y/+] to save the change.
   - Press [N/-] to discard the change and move to the next sub-menu.

Note: If you are using an UltraRAE 3000 with a RAELink3, this unit ID is displayed by the RAELink3.

24.7.15 LCD Contrast

The display's contrast can be increased or decreased from its default setting. You may not need to ever change the default setting, but sometimes you can optimize the display to suit extreme temperature and ambient brightness/darkness conditions.

- The minimum value is 20.
- The maximum value is 60.

1. Press [Y/+] to increase the value or [N/-] to decrease the value.
2. Press [MODE] to save your selection.
   - Press [Y/+] to save your new contrast value.
   - Press [N/-] to undo it and return to the previous value.

24.7.16 Lamp ID

The UltraRAE 3000 does not automatically identify the type of lamp, so you must select a lamp type manually.

1. Scroll through the menu by pressing [N/-].
2. Press [Y/+] to make a selection.
3. Press [MODE] when you are done.
4. Press [Y/+] to save your choice or [N/-] to undo your selection.

24.7.17 PAN ID

The UltraRAE 3000 and any other devices that you want to interconnect wirelessly must have the same PAN ID. You can set the PAN ID in the instrument or through ProRAE Studio II.

1. Press [Y/+] to increase the number and [N/-] to advance to the next digit.
2. After moving to the last digit and making changes, press [MODE].
   - Press [Y/+] to save the change.
   - Press [N/-] to undo the change.

24.7.18 Mesh Channel

The UltraRAE and any other devices that you want to interconnect wirelessly must be operating on the same channel.

1. Press [Y/+] to increase the number and [N/-] to advance to the next digit.
2. After moving to the last digit and making changes, press [MODE].
   - Press [Y/+] to save the change.
   - Press [N/-] to undo the change.

24.7.19 Mesh Interval

Set the time interval at which the instrument's mesh radio sends out a signal. This can range from once every 10 seconds to once every four minutes (240 seconds). The transmission frequency is user-adjustable, but a rate of at least once every 30 seconds is recommended. **Note:** Shorter intervals reduce battery life.

1. Press [N/-] to step from one option to the next.
2. Press [Y/+] to make a selection.
3. When you are done, press [MODE].

25 Humidity Compensation

The UltraRAE 3000 has a humidity sensor and humidity compensation circuitry. By default it is on, but it can be turned off or on by using ProRAE Studio software. RAE Systems recommends testing the humidity sensor once a year. See page 106 for the simple procedure.

26 Hygiene Mode

The instrument usually operates in Hygiene Mode, which provides basic functionality. However, it is possible to operate it in a second mode called Search Mode. Here are the primary differences:

Hygiene Mode: Automatic measurements, continuously running and datalogging, and calculates additional exposure values.

Search Mode: Manual start/stop of measurements and display of certain exposure values.

26.1 Basic User Level & Hygiene Mode

The default setting is navigated in the following way:
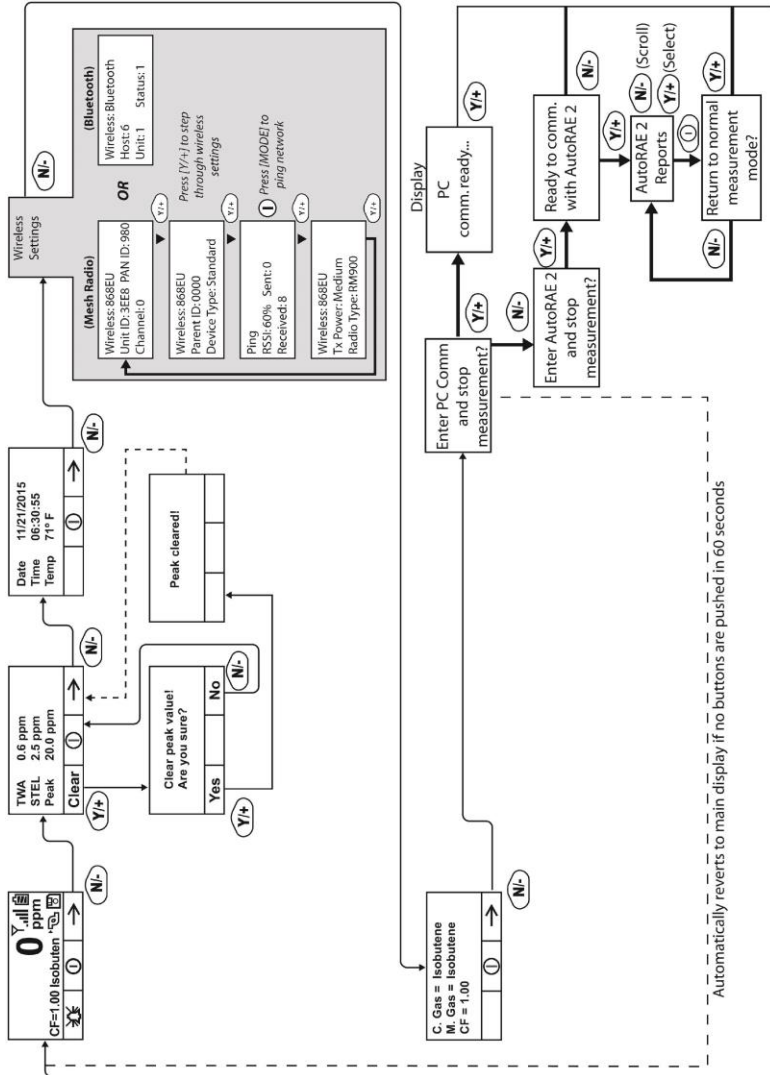
Note: Dashed line indicates automatic progression.

Pressing [N/-] steps you from screen to screen. Options include clearing the Peak value and turning on the instrument's PC Communications for data transfer to a PC.

26.2 Entering Search Mode From Hygiene Mode

In order to change the instrument's operational mode from Hygiene Mode to Search Mode, you must enter the password-protected Programming Mode:

1. Hold [MODE] and [N/-] until you see the password screen.
2. Use [Y/+] to increment to the number you want for the first digit. (If you pass by the desired number, press [Y/+] until it cycles through to 0 again. Then press [Y/+] until you reach the desired number.)
3. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit.
4. Again press [Y/+] to increment the number.
5. Press [N/-] to advance to the next digit.

Continue the process until all four numbers of the password have been input. Then press [MODE] to proceed.

The screen changes to icons with the label "Calibration."

1. Press [N/-] to advance to "Monitor Setup."
2. Press [Y/+] to select Monitor Setup.

Under Monitor Setup, you will see "Op Mode."

Press [Y/+] to select.

You will see:

> Hygiene
> Search

The current mode is indicated by a dark circle within the circle in front of either Hygiene or Search.

1. Select Hygiene or Search by pressing [N/-].
2. Press [Y/+] to place the instrument into the selected mode.

3. Press [MODE] when you want to register your selection to place the instrument in the selected mode.
4. Press [Y/+] to commit the change and exit to the Monitor Setup screen, or press [N/-] to Undo (exit to the Monitor Setup screen without changing the Mode).

27 Advanced User Level (Hygiene Mode Or Search Mode)

The User Mode called Advanced User Level allows a greater number of parameters to be changed than Basic User Level. It can be used with either of the Operation Modes, Hygiene Mode or Search Mode.

27.1 Advanced User Level & Hygiene Mode

With the instrument in Operation Mode: Hygiene Mode, enter User Mode: Advanced User Level (refer to the section called Monitor Mode for instructions).

Once you are in Advanced User Level and Hygiene Mode together, you can change the calibration reference and measurement gas, in addition to performing normal monitoring functions.

Pressing [N/-] progresses through the screens, while pressing [Y/+] selects options. Pressing [MODE] makes menu choices when it is shown for "Done" or "Back." Pressing and holding [Mode] whenever the circle with a vertical line in the middle is shown activates the countdown to shutoff.

0.000 ppb Isobutene
CF=1.00 Isobutene

TWA 0.016 ppm
STEL 0.025 ppm
Peak 0.260 ppm
Clear

Clear peak value!
Are you sure?
Yes   No

Peak cleared!

Date 11/21/2007
Time 06:30:55
Temp 71° F

Wireless Settings

(Mesh Radio)
Wireless:868EU
Unit ID:3EE8 PAN ID:980
Channel:0

Wireless:868EU
Parent ID:0000
Device Type:Standard

Ping
RSSI:60%   Sent:0
Received:8

Wireless:868EU
Tx Power:Medium
Radio Type:RM900

OR

(Bluetooth)
Wireless:Bluetooth
Host:6   Status:1
Unit:1

Press JY+ to step through wireless settings

Press [MODE] to ping network

Cal ref 0
C. Gas = Isobutene
Change reference?
Yes
Select Done

Cal Reference
⦿ Isobutene
○ Hexane,n-
Save   Undo

Select Gas From
My List
Last Ten
Select Back

My List
Isobutene
Hexane,n-
Select Back

M. Gas = Isobutene
CF = 1.00
Change M. Gas?
Yes

C. Gas = Isobutene
M. Gas = Isobutene
CF = 1.00

My List
Isobutene
Hexane,n-
Save   Undo

Enter PC Comm
and stop
measurement?

Display
PC
comm. ready...

Enter AutoRAE 2
and stop
measurement?

Ready to comm.
with AutoRAE 2

AutoRAE 2   (Scroll)
Reports   (Select)

Return to normal
measurement
mode?

Automatically reverts to main display if no buttons are pushed in 60 seconds

After communications are complete, reverts to main display

Note: Dashed line indicates automatic progression.

27.2 Basic User Level & Search Mode

With the instrument in Operation Mode: Search Mode, enter User Mode and select Basic User Level (refer to the section called User Mode for instructions).

When the instrument is in Search Mode, it only samples when you activate sampling. When you see the display that says, "Ready…Start sampling?" press [Y/+] to start. The pump turns on and the instrument begins collecting data. To stop sampling, press [N/-] while the main display is showing. You will see a new screen that says, "Stop sampling?" Press [Y/+] to stop sampling. Press [N/-] if you want sampling to continue.

Ready...
Start sampling?
Yes / No

User ID: 00000001
Site ID: RAE00000
CF = 1.00

0.0 ppm
CF=1.00 Isobuten

Stop sampling?
Yes

Sampling stopped!

Avg   0.22 ppm
Peak 0.96 ppm
Clear

Clear peak value!
Are you sure?
Yes   No

Peak cleared!

Date   11/21/2007
Time   06:30:55
Temp   71° F

Wireless Settings

(Mesh Radio)   OR   (Bluetooth)

Wireless:868EU
Unit ID:3EE8 PAN ID:980
Channel:0

Wireless:868EU
Parent ID:0000
Device Type:Standard

Ping
RSSI:60% Sent:0
Received:8

Wireless:868EU
Tx Power:Medium
Radio Type:RM900

Press [Y/+] to step through wireless settings

Press [MODE] to ping network

Wireless:Bluetooth
Host:6   Unit:1   Status:1

Display PC comm.ready...

Enter PC Comm and stop measurement?

Enter AutoRAE 2 and stop measurement?

Ready to comm. with AutoRAE 2

AutoRAE 2 Reports
(Scroll) (Select)

Return to normal measurement mode?

C. Gas = Isobutene
M. Gas = Isobutene
CF = 1.00

My List
Isobutene
Hexane,n-
Save   Undo
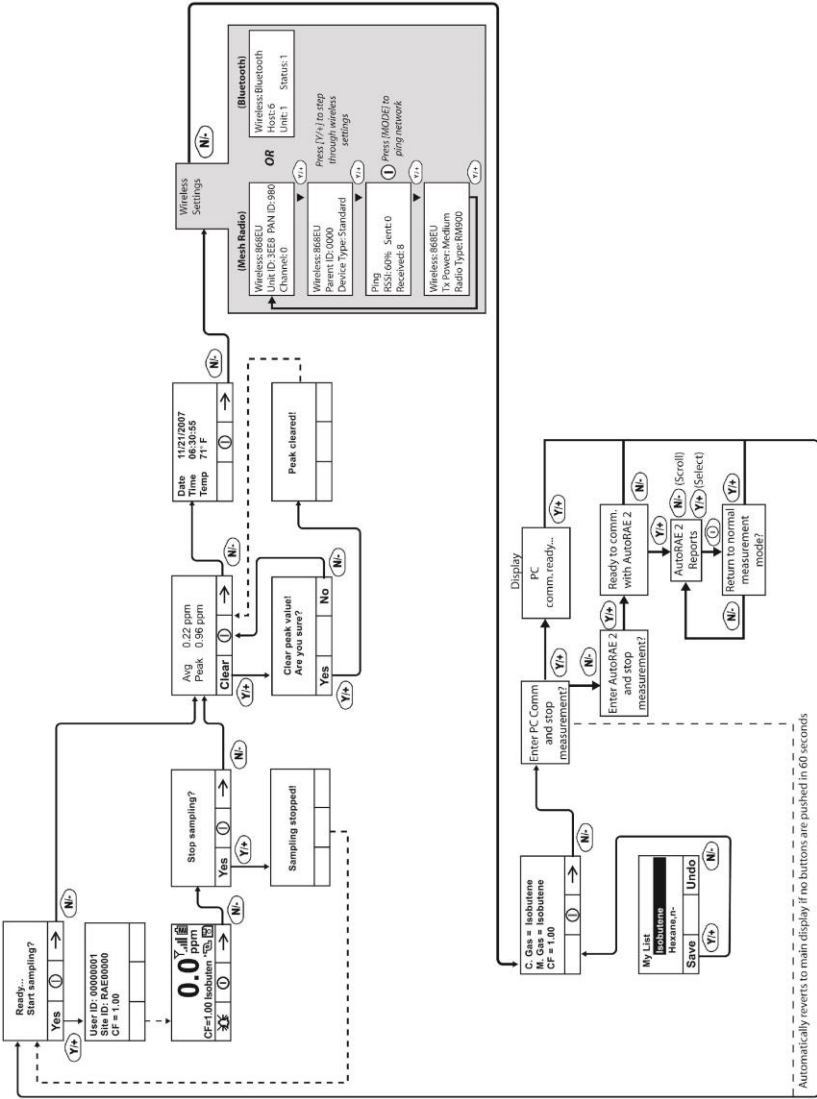
Automatically reverts to main display if no buttons are pushed in 60 seconds

After communications are complete, reverts to main display

Note: Dashed line indicates automatic progression.

27.3 Advanced User Level & Search Mode

With the instrument in Operation Mode: Search Mode, enter User Mode and select Advanced User Level (refer to the section called Monitor Mode for instructions). Operation is similar to Basic User Level & Sampling Mode, but now allows you to change calibration and measurement reference gases. Refer to the section on measurement gases on page 70 for more details.
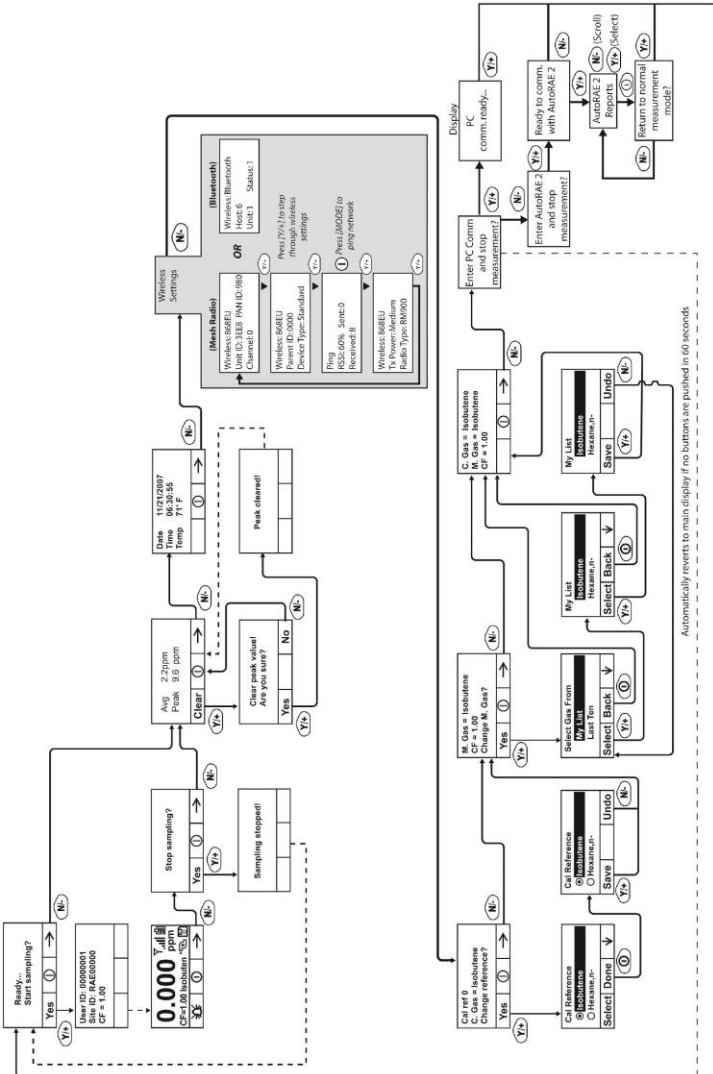
Note: Dashed line indicates automatic progression.

27.4 Diagnostic Mode

IMPORTANT! Diagnostic Mode is designed for servicing and manufacturing, and therefore is not intended for everyday use, even by advanced users. It provides raw data from sensors and about settings, but only allows adjustment of pump stall parameters, which should only be changed by qualified personnel.

Note: If the instrument is turned on in Diagnostic Mode and you switch to User Mode, datalog data remains in raw count form. To change to standard readings, you must restart the instrument.

27.4.1 Entering Diagnostic Mode

Note: To enter Diagnostic Mode, you must begin with the instrument turned off.

Press and hold [Y/+] and [MODE] until the instrument starts.

The instrument goes through a brief startup, and then displays raw data for the PID sensor. These numbers are raw sensor readings without calibration. The instrument is now in Diagnostic Mode.

Note: In Diagnostic Mode, the pump and lamp are normally on.

You can enter Programming Mode and calibrate the instrument as usual by pressing both [MODE] and [N/-] for three seconds.

You can enter Monitoring Mode by pressing [MODE] and [Y/+] together for three seconds.

Once the instrument is started up in Diagnostic Mode, you can switch between Diagnostic Mode and Monitoring Mode by pressing and holding [MODE] and [Y/+] simultaneously for two seconds.

In Diagnostic mode, you can step through parameter screens by pressing [MODE].

27.4.2 Adjusting The Pump Stall Threshold

If the gas inlet is blocked but the pump does not shut down, or the pump shuts down too easily with a slight blockage, the pump stall threshold value may be set too high or too low.

Use the following steps to adjust the pump stall threshold:

27.4.3 Pump High

In Diagnostic Mode, press the [MODE] key until "Pump High" is displayed. The display shows the maximum, minimum, and stall values for the pump at its high speed. Write down the "Max" reading.

Block the gas inlet and watch the pump current reading (labeled "I") increase. Write down its blocked reading. **Note:** If the pump current reading does not increase significantly (less than 10 counts), then there may be a leak in the gas inlet or the pump is weak or defective.

Add the two readings you wrote down. This is the average of the maximum block count and the maximum idle count. Divide that number by 2. Use the [Y/+] or [N/-] key to increase or decrease the stall value to equal that number.

Press the [MODE] key to exit this display.

27.4.4 Pump Low

In Diagnostic Mode, press the [MODE] key until "Pump Low" is displayed. The display shows the maximum, minimum, and stall values for the pump at its low speed. Write down the "Max" reading.

Block the gas inlet and watch the pump current reading (labeled "I") increase. Write down its blocked reading. **Note:** If the pump current reading does not increase significantly (less than 10 counts), then there may be a leak in the gas inlet or the pump is weak or defective.

Add the two readings you wrote down. This is the average of the maximum block count and the maximum idle count. Divide that

number by 2. Use the [Y/+] or [N/-] key to increase or decrease the stall value to equal that number.

Press the [MODE] key to exit this display.

27.4.5 Testing The Humidity Sensor

1. Press [MODE] to step through the diagnostic screens until you reach a screen that says "T.H.P" (for "temperature, humidity, pressure," although pressure is not supported) at the top.

   There are three numbers for the humidity reading ("H"). The first number is the current humidity reading from the sensor. The second is the reference number for 0% humidity, and the third number is the reference for 100% humidity.

```
T.H.P.
T   253
H   707    678    866
P   413
S/N GHTJ1W0200
```

2. Fill a cup with warm water (>25° C/77° F).
3. Put a filter on the UltraRAE 3000's inlet probe.
4. Place the inlet probe over the warm water.

5. Cover the cup with your hand.

25° C / 77° F
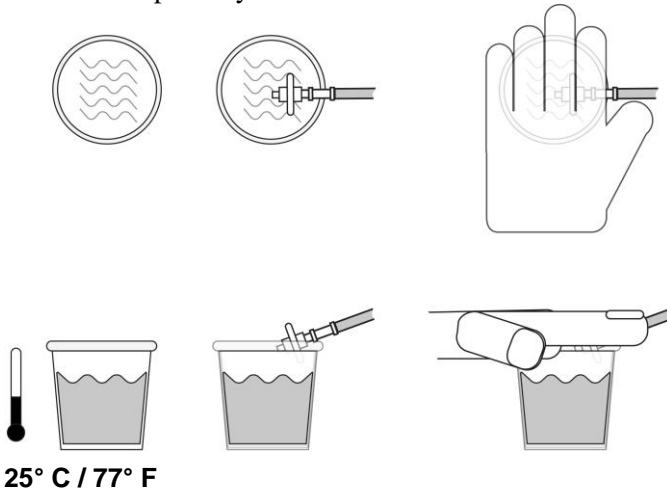
6. Wait a few seconds and check the high-humidity reading.
7. The humidity reading should be within ±10% of the 100% humidity reading. If it is not, then the THP Sensor (part number 023-3011-000-FRU) should be replaced.
8. Check the low-humidity reading by connecting the inlet probe to a tank of zero gas (air at 0% humidity).
9. Turn on the zero gas and wait a few seconds for the sensor reading to stabilize. It should read within 10% of the low-reference number. If it does not, replace the T.H.P. sensor.
10. Once you have finished testing the humidity sensor, exit Diagnostic Mode by shutting down the UltraRAE 3000 (hold [MODE] through the countdown, and then release when it is off).

27.4.6 Exiting Diagnostic Mode

You can exit Diagnostic Mode and go directly to Programming Mode or Monitor Mode as outlined above, or you can exit Diagnostic Mode completely.

To exit Diagnostic Mode so that it cannot be re-entered without a restart:

Shut down the instrument. When it is off, restart it by holding the [MODE] key. Diagnostic Mode cannot be entered until the instrument is restarted as outlined in "Entering Diagnostic Mode."

28   Transferring Data To & From Computer

Once you have connected your instrument cradle to the PC, you can can transfer data, including a download of the datalog to the computer and updates of firmware to the instrument (should this ever be necessary).

28.1 Downloading The Datalog To A PC

1. Connect the data cable to the PC and the cradle.
2. Place the instrument into its cradle. The charging LED should be illuminated.
3. Start ProRAE Studio on your PC.
4. From ProRAE Studio, select "Operation" and select Setup Connection.
5. Select the COM port to establish a communication link between the PC and the instrument.
6. To receive the datalog in the PC, select "Downlog Datalog."
7. When you see "Unit Information," click OK.

During the data transfer, the display shows a progress bar.

When the transfer is done, you will see a screen with the datalog information. You can now export this datalog for other use or printing.

28.2 Uploading Firmware To The instrument From A PC

Uploading new firmware to your instrument requires connecting the instrument and PC. Follow these steps to make the connection:

1. Connect the data cable to the PC and the cradle.
2. Place the instrument into its cradle. The charging LED should be illuminated.
3. Start RAEProgrammer 7000 on your PC.
4. From RAEProgrammer 7000, select "Operation" and select Setup Connection.
5. Select the COM port to establish a communication link between the PC and the instrument.
6. Select Operation → Download Firmware.

Once communication is established, follow the instructions that accompany RAEProgrammer 7000 and the firmware to upload the new firmware to your instrument.

Note: Check for the latest updates to ProRAEProgrammer 7000 at www.raesystems.com.

29   Maintenance

The major maintenance items of the instrument are:

- Battery pack

- Sensor module

- PID lamp

- Sampling pump

- Inlet connectors and filters

In addition, you can test the humidity sensor (this should be done annually, in order to ensure the most accurate operation).

Note: Maintenance should be performed by qualified personnel only.

NOTE: The printed circuit board of the instrument is connected to the battery pack even if the power is turned off. **Therefore, it is very important to disconnect the battery pack before servicing or replacing any components inside the instrument**. **Severe damage to the printed circuit board or battery may occur if the battery pack is not disconnected before servicing the unit.**

29.1 Battery Charging & Replacement

When the display shows a flashing empty battery icon, the battery requires recharging. It is recommended to recharge the instrument upon returning from fieldwork. A fully charged battery runs a instrument for 16 hours continuously. The charging time is less than 8 hours for a fully discharged battery. The battery may be replaced in the field (in areas known to be non-hazardous), if required.
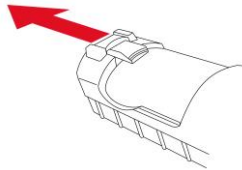

WARNING!

To reduce the risk of ignition of hazardous atmospheres, recharge battery only in area known to be non-hazardous. **Remove and replace battery only in areas known to be non-hazardous.**
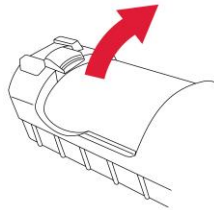

29.1.1 Replacing The Li-ion Battery

1. Turn off the instrument.

2. Located on the rear of the instrument is a battery tab. Slide it down to unlock the battery.

3. Remove the battery pack from the battery compartment by tilting it out.

4. Replace a fully charged spare battery pack inside the battery compartment. Make sure the battery pack is oriented properly inside the compartment.

5. Slide the capture tab back up to its locked position.

29.1.2 Replacing The Alkaline Battery Adapter

An alkaline battery adapter is supplied with each instrument. The adapter (part number 059-3052-000) accepts four AA alkaline batteries (use only Duracell MN1500) and provides approximately 12 hours of operation. The adapter is intended to be used in emergency situations when there is no time to charge the Li-ion battery pack.

To insert batteries into the adapter:

1. Remove the three hex-socket screws to open the compartment.

2. Insert four fresh AA batteries as indicated by the polarity (+/-) markings.

3. Replace the cover. Replace the three screws.

To install the adapter in the instrument:

1. Remove the Li-ion battery pack from the battery compartment by sliding the tab and tilting out the battery.
2. Replace it with the alkaline battery adapter
3. Slide the tab back into place to secure the battery adapter.

IMPORTANT!

Alkaline batteries cannot be recharged. The instrument's internal circuit detects alkaline batteries and will not allow recharging. If you place the instrument in its cradle, the alkaline battery will not be recharged. The internal charging circuit is designed to prevent damage to alkaline batteries and the charging circuit when alkaline batteries are installed inside the instrument.

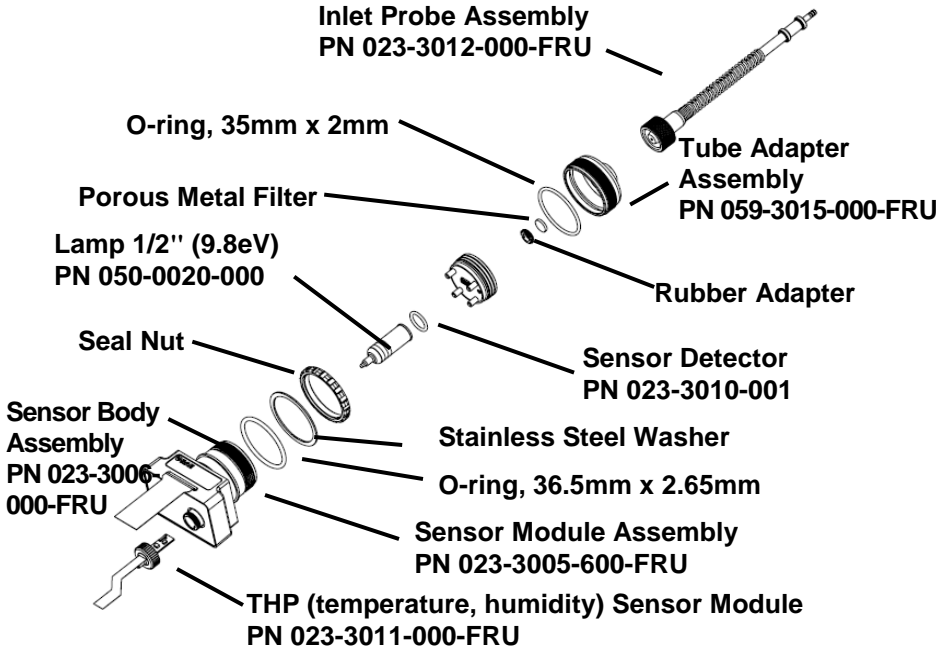**Note:** When replacing alkaline batteries, dispose of old ones properly.

WARNING!

To reduce the risk of ignition of hazardous atmospheres, recharge the battery only in areas known to be non-hazardous. Remove and replace the battery only in areas known to be non-hazardous.

Note: The internal charging circuit is designed to prevent charging to alkaline batteries.

29.2 PID Sensor & Lamp Cleaning/Replacement

The sensor module is made of several components and is attached to the lamp-housing unit as shown below.

**Inlet Probe Assembly
PN 023-3012-000-FRU**

O-ring, 35mm x 2mm

**Tube Adapter
Assembly
PN 059-3015-000-FRU**

Porous Metal Filter

**Lamp 1/2'' (9.8eV)
PN 050-0020-000**

Rubber Adapter

Seal Nut

**Sensor Detector
PN 023-3010-001**

**Sensor Body
Assembly
PN 023-3006-
000-FRU**

Stainless Steel Washer

O-ring, 36.5mm x 2.65mm

**Sensor Module Assembly
PN 023-3005-600-FRU**

**THP (temperature, humidity) Sensor Module
PN 023-3011-000-FRU**

Sensor Components

Note: The cleaning procedure is not normally needed. Clean the PID sensor module, the lamp and the lamp housing only if:

1. The reading is inaccurate even after calibration.
2. The reading is very sensitive to air moisture.
3. A liquid has been sucked into the unit and damaged the unit.

Use of the external filter helps to prevent contamination of the sensor.

To access the sensor components and lamp, gently unscrew the lamp-housing cap, remove the sensor adapter with the gas inlet probe and the metal filter all together. Then hold the PID sensor and pull it straight out. A slight, gentle rocking motion helps release the sensor.

Note: The 10.6eV lamp requires a Teflon O-ring. The 9.8eV and 11.7eV lamps do not require the O-ring.

29.3 Cleaning The PID Sensor

Place the entire PID sensor module into isopropanol. It is highly recommended that an ultrasound bath to be used to clean the sensor for at least 15 minutes. Then dry the sensor thoroughly. Never touch the electrodes of the sensor by hand.
Also use an isopropanol-soaked cotton swab to wipe off the lamp housing where it contacts the sensor when the sensor is installed.

Turn over the sensor so that the pins point up and the sensor cavity is visible. Examine the sensor electrodes for any corrosion, damage, or bending out of alignment. The metal sensor electrode "fingers" should be flat and straight. If necessary, carefully bend the sensor fingers to ensure that they do not touch the Teflon portions and that they are parallel to each other. Make sure that the nuts on the sensor pins are snug but not overtight. If the sensor is corroded or otherwise damaged, it should be replaced.

29.3.1 Cleaning The Lamp Housing Or Changing The Lamp

If the lamp does not turn on, the instrument will display an error message to indicate replacement of the lamp may be required.

1. If the lamp is operational, clean the lamp window surface and the lamp housing by wiping it with isopropanol using a cotton swab using moderate pressure. After cleaning, hold the lamp up to the light at an angle to detect any remaining film. Repeat the process until the lamp window is clean. Never use water solutions to clean the lamp. Dry the lamp and the lamp housing thoroughly after cleaning.

    CAUTION: Never touch the window surface with the fingers or anything else that may leave a film. Never use acetone or aqueous solutions.

2. If the lamp does not turn on, remove the lamp from the lamp housing. Place the lamp O-ring onto the new lamp. Insert the new lamp, avoiding contact with the flat window surface.

3. Reinstall the PID sensor module.

4. Tighten the Lamp Housing Cap.

29.3.2 Determining The Lamp Type

The monitor can accommodate three lamp values: 10.6eV (standard), 9.8eV, and 11.7eV. Always make sure you are using the correct lamp value and that the instrument is set to use that lamp.

There are two ways to determine the lamp type.

1. Turn off the instrument and remove the lamp. Now look at the serial number. The following identify the lamp type:

    - 10.6eV   SN: 106 2Nxxxxx
    - 9.8eV   SN: 098 2Nxxxxx

2. When the monitor is running, the lamp type is shown along with the calibration and measurement gas and Correction Factor:

Note: This screen can be accessed from the reading screen by pressing [N/-] four times.

29.3.3 Sampling Pump

When approaching the end of the specified lifetime of the pump, it will consume higher amount of energy and reduce its sample draw capability significantly. When this occurs, it is necessary to replace or rebuild the pump. When checking the pump flow, make sure that the inlet connector is tight and the inlet tubing is in good condition. Connect a flow meter to the gas inlet probe. The flow rate should be above 450 cc/min when there is no air leakage.

If the pump is not working properly, refer the instrument to qualified service personnel for further testing and, if necessary, pump repair or replacement.

29.3.4 Testing The T.H.P. Sensor

It is recommended that you periodically test the humidity sensitivity of the T.H.P. (temperature/humidity) sensor. See page 106 for a simple procedure.

29.3.5 Cleaning The Instrument

Occasional cleaning with a soft cloth is recommended. Do not use detergents or chemicals.

Visually inspect the contacts at the base of the instrument, on the battery, and on the charging cradle to make sure they are clean. If they are not, wipe them with a soft, dry cloth. Never use solvents or cleaners.

29.3.6 Ordering Replacement Parts

If you need replacement parts, contact your local RAE Systems distributor. A list is available online:

http://www.raesystems.com

In the U.S., you can order sensors, replacement batteries, and other accessories online at:

http://istore.raesystems.com/

29.4 Special Servicing Note

If the instrument needs to be serviced, contact either:

1. The RAE Systems distributor from whom the instrument was purchased; they will return the instrument on your behalf.

    or

2. The RAE Systems Technical Service Department. Before returning the instrument for service or repair, obtain a Returned Material Authorization (RMA) number for proper tracking of your equipment. This number needs to be on all documentation and posted on the outside of the box in which the instrument is returned for service or upgrade. Packages without RMA Numbers will be refused at the factory.

30   Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Reasons & Solutions	
Cannot turn on power after charging the battery	**Reasons:**	Discharged battery. Defective battery.
	Solutions:	Charge or replace battery.
Lost password	**Solutions:**	Call Technical Support at +1 408-752-0723 or toll-free at +1 888-723-4800
Reading abnormally High	**Reasons:**	Dirty filter. Dirty sensor module. Excessive moisture and water condensation. Incorrect calibration.
	Solutions:	Replace filter. Blow-dry the sensor module. Calibrate the unit.
Reading abnormally Low	**Reasons:**	Dirty filter. Dirty sensor module. Weak or dirty lamp. Incorrect calibration.
	Solutions:	Replace filter. Remove Calibration Adapter. Calibrate the unit. Check for air leakage.
Buzzer Inoperative	**Reasons:**	Bad buzzer.
	Solutions:	Check that buzzer is not turned off. Call authorized service center.

Inlet flow too low	**Reasons:**	Pump diaphragm damaged or has debris. Flow path leaks.
	Solutions:	Check flow path for leaks; sensor module O-ring, tube connectors, Teflon tube compression fitting. Call Technical Support at +1 408-752-0723 or toll-free at +1 888-723-4800
"Lamp" message during operation	**Reasons:**	Lamp drive circuit. Weak or defective PID lamp, defective.
	Solutions:	Turn the unit off and back on. Replace UV lamp

31 Technical Support

To contact RAE Systems Technical Support Team:

Monday through Friday, 7:00AM to 5:00PM Pacific (US) Time
Phone (toll-free): +1 888-723-4800
Phone: +1 408-952-8461
Email: RAE-tech@honeywell.com

32   RAE Systems Contacts

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World Headquarters
3775 N. First St.
San Jose, CA 95134-1708 USA
Phone: +1 888-723-4800
E-mail: RAE-tech@honeywell.com
Web Site: www.raesystems.com

RAE Systems Technical Support
Monday through Friday, 7:00AM to 5:00PM Pacific (US) Time
Phone (toll-free): +1 877-723-2878
Phone: +1 408-952-8200
Fax: +1 408-952-8480
Email: RAE-tech@honeywell.com

Controlled Part of Manual

Intrinsic Safety:
US and Canada: Class I, Division 1, Groups A,B,C,D T4

Europe: ATEX (0575 Ex II 2G Ex ia IIC/IIB T4 Gb)
          KEMA 07 ATEX 0127
          Complies with EN60079-0:2009, EN60079-11:2007
IECEx CSA 10.0005 Ex ia IIC/IIB T4 Gb
          Complies with IEC 60079-0:2007, IEC 60079-11:2006

Temperature:	-20º C to 50º C (-4º to 122º F)
Humidity:	0% to 95% relative humidity (non-condensing)

Basic Operation

Turning The Instrument On

1. With the instrument turned off, press and hold [MODE].
2. When the display turns on, release the [MODE] key.

The instrument is now operating and performs self tests. Once the self tests are complete, the display shows a graph or numerical gas reading. This indicates that the instrument is fully functional and ready to use.

Turning The Instrument Off
1. Press and hold the Mode key for 3 seconds. A 5-second countdown to shutoff begins.
2. When you see "Unit off..." release your finger from the [MODE] key. The instrument is now off.

Note: You must hold your finger on the key for the entire shutoff process. If you remove your finger from the key during the

countdown, the shutoff operation is canceled and the instrument continues normal operation.

Alarm Signals

During each measurement period, the gas concentration is compared with the programmed alarm limits (gas concentration alarm limit settings). If the concentration exceeds any of the preset limits, the loud buzzer and red flashing LED are activated immediately to warn you of the alarm condition.

In addition, the instrument alarms if one of the following conditions occurs: battery voltage falls below a preset voltage level, failure of the UV lamp, pump stall, or when the datalog memory is full.

Alarm Signal Summary

Message	Condition	Alarm Signal
HIGH	Gas exceeds "High Alarm" limit	3 beeps/flashes per second*
OVR	Gas exceeds measurement range	3 beeps/flashes per second*
MAX	Gas exceeds electronics' maximum range	3 beeps/flashes per second*
LOW	Gas exceeds "Low Alarm" limit	2 beeps/flashes per second*
TWA	Gas exceeds "TWA" limit	1 Beep/flash per second*
STEL	Gas exceeds "STEL" limit	1 Beep/flash per second*
Pump icon flashes	Pump failure	3 beeps/flashes per second
Lamp	PID lamp failure	3 beeps/flashes per second plus "Lamp" message on display

Battery icon flashes	Low battery	1 flash, 1 beep per minute plus battery icon flashes on display
CAL	Calibration failed, or needs calibration	1 beep/flash per second
NEG	Gas reading measures less than number stored in calibration	1 beep/flash per second

Preset Alarm Limits & Calibration

The instrument is factory calibrated with standard calibration gas, and is programmed with default alarm limits.

| Cal Gas (Isobutylene)	Cal Span	unit	Low	High	TWA	STEL
ppbRAE 3000	10	ppm	10	25	10	25
MiniRAE 3000	100	ppm	50	100	10	25
MiniRAE Lite	100	ppm	50	100	10	25
UltraRAE 3000	100	ppm	50	100	10	25

Charging The Battery

Always fully charge the battery before using the instrument. The instrument's Li-ion/NiMH battery is charged by placing the instrument in its cradle. (The battery can also be charged by placing the instrument in an AutoRAE 2 Cradle.) Contacts on the bottom of the instrument meet the cradle's contacts, transferring power without other connections.

Note: Before setting the instrument into its charging cradle, visually inspect the contacts to make sure they are clean. If they are not, wipe them with a soft cloth. Do not use solvents or cleaners.

Follow this procedure to charge the instrument:

1. Plug the AC/DC adapter's barrel connector into the instrument's cradle.

DC 12V IN
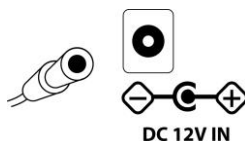
2. Plug the AC/DC adapter into the wall outlet.
3. Place the instrument into the cradle, press down, and lean it back. It locks in place and the LED in the cradle glows.

Note: To release the instrument, press down and tilt the top out of the cradle and lift up.

The instrument begins charging automatically. The LED on the front of the cradle marked "Primary" blinks during charging. During charging, the diagonal lines in the battery icon on the instrument's display are animated and you see the message "Charging..."

When the instrument's battery is fully charged, the battery icon is no longer animated and shows a full battery. The message "Fully charged!" is shown and the Primary LED on the cradle glows continuously green.

Note: A spare Li-ion battery (059-3051-000) or NiMH (059-3054-000) can be charged by placing it directly in the charging port on the back of the cradle. It can be charged at the same time as the instrument. Press the battery in place, sliding it slightly toward the front of the cradle. This locks it in the cradle. To release the battery, slide it forward again and tilt it up.

Note: An Alkaline Battery Adapter (part number 059-3052-000), which uses four AA alkaline batteries (Duracell MN1500), may be substituted for the Li-Ion battery.

WARNING!

To reduce the risk of ignition of hazardous atmospheres, recharge and replace batteries only in areas known to be non-hazardous. **Remove and replace batteries only in areas known to be non-hazardous.**

Low Voltage Warning

When the battery's charge falls below a preset voltage, the instrument warns you by beeping once and flashing once every minute, and the battery icon blinks once per second. You should turn off the instrument within 10 minutes and either recharge the battery by placing the instrument in its cradle, or replace the battery with a fresh one with a full charge.

Clock Battery

An internal clock battery is mounted on one of the instrument's printed circuit boards. This long-life battery keeps settings in memory from being lost whenever the Li-ion, NiMH, or alkaline batteries are removed. This backup battery should last approximately five years, and must be replaced by an authorized RAE Systems service technician. It is not user-replaceable.

<div style="border:1px solid">

WARNING

To reduce the risk of ignition of hazardous atmospheres, recharge battery only in area known to be non-hazardous. **Remove and replace battery only in an area known to be non-hazardous.**

</div>

Replacing Rechargeable Li-Ion or NiMH Battery

Caution: Turn off the instrument before removing or replacing the battery.

Alkaline Battery Adapter

An alkaline battery adapter is supplied with each instrument. The adapter (part number 059-3052-000) accepts four AA alkaline batteries (use only Duracell MN1500).

Do not mix old and new batteries or different type batteries.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Reasons & Solutions	
Cannot turn on power after charging the battery	**Reasons:**	Discharged battery. Defective battery.
	Solutions:	Charge or replace battery.
Lost password	**Solutions:**	Call Technical Support at +1 408-752-0723 or toll-free at +1 888-723-4800
Reading abnormally High	**Reasons:**	Dirty filter. Dirty sensor module. Excessive moisture and water condensation. Incorrect calibration.
	Solutions:	Replace filter. Blow-dry the sensor module. Calibrate the unit.
Reading abnormally Low	**Reasons:**	Dirty filter. Dirty sensor module. Weak or dirty lamp. Incorrect calibration.
	Solutions:	Replace filter. Remove Calibration Adapter. Calibrate the unit. Check for air leakage.
Buzzer Inoperative	**Reasons:**	Bad buzzer.
	Solutions:	Check that buzzer is not turned off. Call authorized service center.

Inlet flow too low	**Reasons:**	Pump diaphragm damaged or has debris. Flow path leaks.
	Solutions:	Check flow path for leaks; sensor module O-ring, tube connectors, Teflon tube compression fitting. Call Technical Support at +1 408-752-0723 or toll-free at +1 888-723-4800
"Lamp" message during operation	**Reasons:**	Lamp drive circuit. Weak or defective PID lamp, defective.
	Solutions:	Turn the unit off and back on. Replace UV lamp

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